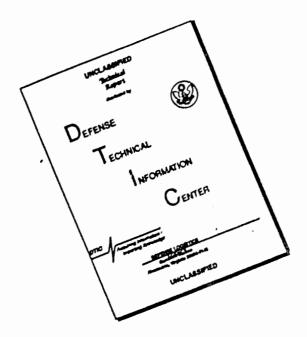
# **UNCLASSIFIED** AD NUMBER AD912307 LIMITATION CHANGES TO: Approved for public release; distribution is unlimited. Document partially illegible. FROM: Distribution authorized to U.S. Gov't. agencies only; Test and Evaluation; JUL 1973. Other requests shall be referred to Naval Ship Research and Development Center, Code 11, Bethesda MD 20034. **AUTHORITY** usnsrdc ltr, 27 aug 1976

THIS REPORT HAS BEEN DELIMITED AND CLEARED FOR PUBLIC RELEASE UNDER DOD DIRECTIVE 5200.20 AND NO RESTRICTIONS ARE IMPOSED UPON ITS USE AND DISCLOSURE.

DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT A

APPROVED FOR PUBLIC RELEASE; DISTRIBUTION UNLIMITED,

# DISCLAIMER NOTICE



THIS DOCUMENT IS BEST QUALITY AVAILABLE. THE COPY FURNISHED TO DTIC CONTAINED A SIGNIFICANT NUMBER OF PAGES WHICH DO NOT REPRODUCE LEGIBLY.

ಣ

912



Bethesda, Md. 20034



ARCTIC SURFACE EFFECT VEHICLE PROGRAM

PREDICTION OF AXIAL AND CENTRIFUGAL FAN CHARACTERISTICS FOR LARGE SURFACE EFFECT VEHICLES

> by John G. Purnell

> > Sponsored by

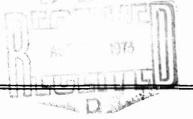
ADVANCED RESEARCH PROJECTS AGENCY ARPA Order No. 1676 Program Code No. 1N10

Distribution limited to U. S. Government agencies only; Test and Evaluation; July 1973. Other. requests for this document must be referred to Commander, Naval Ship Research and Development Center (Code 11), Bethesda, Maryland 20034.

> PROPULSION AND AUXILIARY SYSTEMS DEPARTMENT Annapolis RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT REPORT

July 1973

Report 3943

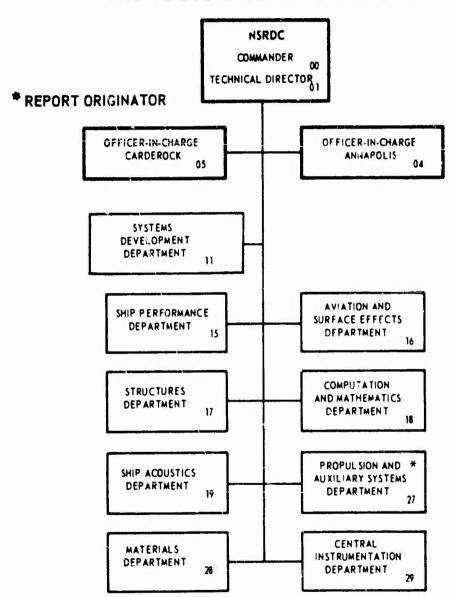


Characteristics Fan and Centrifugal Axial an Effect o£

The Naval Ship Research and Development Center is a U. S. Navy center for isboratory effort directed at achieving improved sea and air vehicles. It was formed in March 1967 by merging the David Taylor Model Basin at Carderock, Maryland with the Marine Engineering Laboratory at Annapolia, Maryland.

Naval Ship Research and Development Center Betheads, Md. 20034

# MAJOR NSRDC ORGANIZATIONAL COMPONENTS



# DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVY NAVAL SHIP RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT CENTER

BETHESDA, MD. 20034

PREDICTION OF AXIAL AND CENTRIFUGAL FAN CHARACTERISTICS FOR LARGE SURFACE EFFECT VEHICLES

by John G. Purnell



This research was supported by the Advanced Research Projects Agency of the Department of Defense and was monitored by the Arctic SEV Frogram Office, Systems Development Department.

Distribution limited to U. S. Government agencies only; Test and Evaluation; July 1973. Other requests for this document must be referred to Commander, Naval Ship Research and Development Center (Code 11), Bethesda, Maryland 20034.

July 1973

27 -404

Report 3943

# ABSTRACT

Two digital computer programs have been formulated for predicting performance characteristics of centrifugal and axial fans which may be used to provide lift air for large surface effect vehicles. Pressure rise and flow characteristics of forwardly curved, radial, and backwardly curved centrifugal fans can be evaluated. Axial fans having either inlet flow prerotators or exit flow straighteners can also be handled in the program. Sample results are presented to illustrate the method of calculation and the nature of the results.

# ADMINISTRATIVE INFORMATION

This study was conducted for the Arctic Surface Effect Vehicle Program Office of NSRDC through support provided by the Defense Advance Research Projects Agency of the Department of Defense. This work was done in the Gas Turbine Branch of the Power Systems Division, Propulsion and Auxiliary Systems Department of this laboratory under Work Unit 1-1130-272-15.

# TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page
ABSTRACT	iii
ADMINISTRATIVE INFORMATION	iv
NOMENCLATURE	vii
INTRODUCTION	1
Prediction of Centrifugal Fan Characteristics	2
Flow Through the Centrifugal Fan	2
Euler Line	4
Effects of a Finite Number of Blades	6
Effects of Nonuniform Discharge Velocity	8
Impeller Loss	11
Inlet Losses	12
Leakage Flow	14
Recirculation Loss	14
Outlet Losses	15
Efficiency	17
Comparison of Experimental and Predicted Results	19
Limitations on Centrifugal Fan Prediction Program	26
AXIAL FAN CHARACTERISTICS PREDICTION	27
Preliminary Design	28
Detailed Design	39
Prerotator Design	39
Impeller Design	41
Straightener Design	43
Off-Design Performance Prediction	44
Comparison of Predicted Results	46
Limitations of the Axial Fan Prediction Program	49
CONCLUSIONS	53
RECOMMENDATIONS	53
TECHNICAL REFERENCES	54
APPENDIXES	
Appendix A - Centrifugal Fan Characteristic Prediction	
Program (6 pages)	
Appendix B - Axial Lift Fan Characteristic Prediction	
Program (10 pages)	
Appendix C - Centrifugal Fan Weight Estimate (3 pages)	
INITIAL DISTRIBUTION	

# NOMENCLATURE

# CENTRIFUGAL FAN (EQUATIONS 1 THROUGH 40)

# English

- a Effective radius of interblade circulation, ft
- A Area, ft2
- b Blade height, ft
- Cd Discharge coefficient
- d Diameter, ft
- e Characteristic roughness size, ft
- g Acceleration of gravity, ft/sec2
- $g_{C}$  Gravitational constant,  $lb_{m}$ -ft/ $lb_{f}$ -sec<sup>2</sup>
- k Loss coefficient
- P Pressure, lbf/ft2
- $\Delta P$  Pressure loss,  $lb_f/st^2$
- Q Volume flow, ft<sup>3</sup>/sec
- r Radius, ft
- $R_b$  Blade height ratio,  $b_1/b_2$
- $R_d$  Diameter ratio,  $d_1/d_2$
- U Impeller speed, ft/sec
- V Velocity, ft/sec
- w Weight flow, lbm/sec
- W Weight, lbm
- z Number of blades.

# Greek

- $\beta$  Blade angle (measured from tangent), degrees
- $\beta_s$  Preswirl angle, degrees
- δ Inlet clearance, ft
- η Efficiency
- o Density, lbm/ft3
- Y Pressure coefficient
- ΔΨ Pressure coefficient
- Ø Flow coefficient
- w Rotational speed, rad/sec.

# Subscripts and Superscripts

- D Diffuser
- e Inlet eye
- E Modified Euler line
- imp Impeller
- in Inlet
- leak Leakage
- m Radial condition
- max Maximum
- min Minimum
- out Outlet

- r Relative velocity
- RC \_ Recirculation loss
- S \_ Preswirl angle
- static Static conditions
- total Total conditions
- u Tangential velocity component
- u' Corrected tangential velocity component
- V Velocity pressure
- 0 Impeller inlet
- 1 Impeller blade inlet
- 2 Impeller blade outlet
- 3 Downstream of impeller outlet

# AXIAL FAN (EQUATIONS 41 THROUGH 95)

# English

- A Area, ft2
- c Blade chord, ft
- $C_{\mathbf{D}}$  Drag coefficient
- $C_L$  Lift coefficient
- D Diameter, ft
- $g_c$  Gravitational constant,  $lb_m$ -ft/ $lb_f$ -sec<sup>3</sup>
- j Number of blade sections
- n Fan speed, rpm

- N Number of blades
- P Pressure, lb<sub>f</sub>/ft<sup>2</sup>
- Q Airflow rate, ft<sup>3</sup>/sec
- r Radius, ft
- s Blade pitch (spacing), ft
- V Velocity, ft/sec
- X Diameter ratio, D<sub>i</sub>/D<sub>tip</sub>
- C<sub>L</sub>/C<sub>D</sub> Lift-to-drag ratio
- $D_{H}/D_{tip}$  Hub-to-tip ratio,  $X_{H} = D_{H}/D_{tip}$ .

# Greek

- α Angle of attack, degrees
- B Blade angle of impeller, degrees
- Angle which relative velocity makes with the plane of rotation, degrees
- $\delta$  Angle which relative velocity makes with the axis of rotation, degrees
- € Swirl coefficient
- η Efficiency
- θ Camber angle, degrees
- ρ Air density, lbm/ft<sup>3</sup>
- σ Solidity, c/s
- Ø Flow coefficient
- Y Pressure coefficient
- ΔY Pressure drop coefficient
- wr Tangential velocity component, ft/sec.

# Subscripts and Superscripts

an - Annulus

ax - Axial direction

D - Diffuser

des - Design condition

duct - Duct

H - Hub

i - Blade section

imp - Impeller

j - Total number of blade sections

m - Midspan of blade

Zero lift condition

P - Prerotator

PR - Profile

S - Straightener

sec - Secondary

st - Stall

T - Total

th - Theoretical

tip - Blade tip

\* - Optimum condition

1 - Impeller inlet condition

2 - Impeller outlet condition.

### INTRODUCTION

Cushion air fan characteristics play an important part in the speed/range performance, as well as the riding quality of a surface effect vehicle (SEV). The most desirable fan characteristic is one having as flat a slope as possible, that is, a small change in pressure output for a large change in fan output flow rate at a given fan speed. The flatter the fan characteristic, the smoother the riding characteristics of the SEV.

At this time, only axial and centrifugal fans appear to have future application to large SEV craft.¹ This is due mainly to their high efficiencies but also to their low-to-moderate weight and size, and their proven feasibility and reliability. Centrifugal fans with backwardly curved blades have been used extensively in the relatively small SEVs that have been built to date. Axial fans have seen a very limited application on present SEVs, mainly due to the cost advantage of the simpler centrifugal fan, which may not be a decisive factor on larger craft.

In this report, digital computer programs are outlined for predicting fan characteristic curves for centrifugal and axial fans. One objective of these programs was to provide the fan performance prediction in a relatively uncomplicated manner so as to enhance their usefulness. A reasonably high accuracy can be achieved with the programs which mainly require only the geometric details of the fan to make the performance prediction. The centrifugal fan prediction program is based largely on the work of Osborne<sup>2</sup> and Shipway.<sup>3</sup> Additional modifications to account for nonuniform discharge velocities and recirculation losses were added. The centrifugal program will predict fan performance for a forwardly curved, radial, or backwardly curved centrifugal fan. The axial fan prediction program was the result of work presented by Wallis4 and Shipway.5 The axial program predicts performance for an axial fan having either exit flow straighteners or inlet flow prerotator using either isolated or cascade airfoil data.

With these programs, it is possible to predict the performance of a given axial or centrifugal fan with a reasonable degree of accuracy. Also, these programs will be used to study the effects of certain variables on the fan characteristic curve in order to determine what most significantly affects the fan characteristic slope.

27 -404

Superscripts refer to similarly numbered entries in the Technical References at the end of the text.

A printout of the present centrifugal and axial fan characteristic prediction programs with sample data are shown in appendixes A and B, respectively. Also, separate nomenclatures are used for the axial and centrifugal fan, and no attempt has been made to unify them since the similar expressions can have a totally different form for the different fans. Appendix C presents the details of the centrifugal fan weight estimation procedure.

# PREDICTION OF CENTRIFUGAL FAN CHARACTERISTICS

The following method outlines a means of predicting centrifugal fan characteristic curves for squirrel-cage-type fans which are commonly used in SEVs. The prediction method follows similar methods presented by Osborne<sup>2</sup> and Shipway<sup>3</sup> but several modifications have been made. These modifications include mainly a correction for nonuniform discharge velocities suggested in Shepherd<sup>6</sup> and Wislicenus,<sup>7</sup> and a recirculation pressure loss proposed by Galvas.<sup>8</sup> The characteristic pressure-flow curve is derived in both dimensional and nondimensional form b; onsidering the theoretical Euler line equation and substracting the various losses from it. The method requires only the following fan geometry and system parameters to predict results:

- Inlet and exit blade diameter.
- Inlet and exit blade heights.
- Inlet and exit blade angles.
- Inlet eye diameter.
- Number of blades.
- Exit flow area.
- Tip speed.

A comparison of predicted and experimental characteristics for a HEBA/B-type centrifugal fan is made, and the effects of varying this fan geometry on the characteristic curve is studied.

# FLOW THROUGH THE CENTRIFUGAL FAN

By conservation of mass for steady incompressible flow, the inlet flow to the fan will equal the flow out of the fan. However, the flow through the impeller is usually greater than the inlet flow because of a leakage flow between the impeller and

casing which recirculates through the fan and is a function of the static pressure differential between the impeller inlet and outlet. Thus, referring to figure 1:

$$Q_{in} = Q_{out}$$
 (1)

$$Q_{imp} = Q_{in} + Q_{leak} = Q_{out} + Q_{leak}$$
 (2)

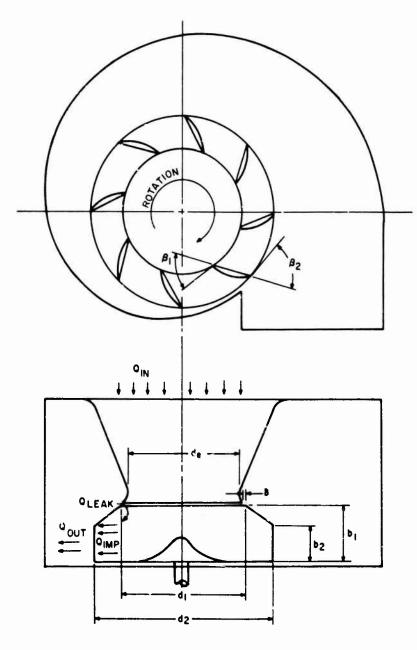
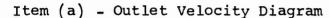


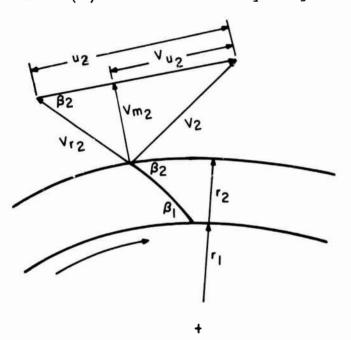
Figure 1 Geometry of a Centrifugal Fan

Therefore, in the analysis of the fan and its losses, the impeller should be based on equation (2) while the analysis of the inlet and outlet should be based on equation (1). It should be noted that even when  $Q_{\text{in}}$  and  $Q_{\text{out}}$  equal zero,  $Q_{\text{imp}}$  can be greater than zero. The method of calculating  $Q_{\text{leak}}$  will be shown later.

# EULER LINE

The Euler line describes the maximum theoretical pressure flow line for the centrifugal fan. It considers the fan to have an infinite number of blades of infinitesimal thickness so that the entire airflow through the fan follows the blade contour exactly, thus producing the maximum pressure rise assuming no sources of loss are present. Figure 2 shows an cutlet and inlet velocity diagram for a centrifugal fan impeller.





Item (b)
Inlet Velocity Diagram
with Preswirl

FOR ZERO PRESWIRL (\$\beta\_S^=0)

Vm; \*V|

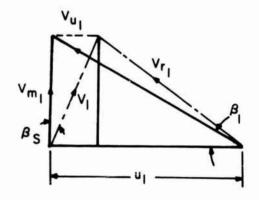


Figure 2
Centrifugal Fan Velocity Diagrams

In item (a) of figure 2, the tangential component of the absolute outlet velocity  $V_2$  is  $V_{\rm u}$ , while the radial component is  $V_{\rm m}$  and the relative velocity is  $^2V_{\rm r}$ . The maximum work that can be on the air will be equal to the energy in the air leaving the impeller, where, for radial inflow:

maximum work = 
$$P_{\infty} Q_{imp} = \frac{W}{g_{C}} V_{u_{p}} U_{p}$$
, (3)

where W is a weight flow rate of air. In terms of pressure rise rather than energy, equation (3) may be written as:

$$P_{\infty} = \frac{\rho}{g_{C}} \quad V_{u_{2}} \quad U_{2} \quad . \tag{4}$$

Using figure 1 and item (a) of figure 2, the following expression for  $V_{\mathbf{u_a}}$  is obtained:

$$V_{u_2} = U_s - V_{m_s} \cot \beta_s$$

$$= U_2 - \frac{Q_{imp}}{\pi d_2 b_2} \cot \beta_2 , \qquad (5a)$$

where

$$V_{m_2} = \frac{Q_{imp}}{\pi d_2 b_2} . \qquad (5b)$$

Thus, the theoretical Euler line equation becomes

$$P_{\infty} = \frac{\rho}{g_{\rm c}} U_{\rm s}^2 - \frac{\rho U_{\rm s} Q_{\rm imp}}{g_{\rm c} \pi d_{\rm s} b_{\rm s}} \cot \beta_{\rm s} . \tag{6}$$

The calculations carried out in terms of physical variables may be converted to dimensionless form by the use of two principal dimensionless variables:

pressure coefficient 
$$\Psi = \frac{\text{pressure}}{\frac{\rho}{g_c} U_2^2}$$
, (7)

flow coefficient 
$$\emptyset = \frac{\text{flow}}{d_2^2 U_2}$$
 (8)

The pressure coefficient characterizes the dynamic condition of the flow and represents the pressure divided by the velocity pressure corresponding to the impeller tip velocity. The flow coefficient expresses the kinematic conditions of the flow and represents the ratio of the axial velocity of the flow based on the fan diameter to the tip velocity of the fan impeller. Hence, using the above expressions, equation (6) becomes (in nondimensional form):

$$\Psi_{\infty} = 1 - \emptyset_{\text{imp}} \frac{d_2}{\pi b_2} \cot \beta_2 , \qquad (9)$$

where  $\emptyset_{imp}$  is based on  $Q_{imp}$  of equation (2).

# EFFECTS OF A FINITE NUMBER OF BLADES

The Euler line equation was derived by assuming the air exits the fan at exactly the trailing-edge blade angle. However, this is true only in the case of an infinite number of blades. This is particularly important for the impeller channel of a centrifugal machine where even for ideal flow (that is, without friction, turbulence, and separation), effects combine to modify the expression for the theoretical Euler line equation.

One cause of deviation of flow from the theoretical ideal is interblade circulation. Stodola¹º has suggested that it is the inertia effects of the fluid particles between adjacent blades of a radial flow impeller that must be considered. Due to their inertia, some particles tend to retain their orientation with respect to fixed axes, the result being a circulatory motion relative to the channel. This is similar to a container of fluid whirled with an angular velocity of ¼ at the end of an arm, as shown in figure 3, where a particle of fluid, A, tends to remain stationary. However, relative to a point on the container, B, point A appears to be rotating in a direction opposite but equal in magnitude to that of the arm. At any radius "a" within the container, the particle has a relative velocity of -a¼.

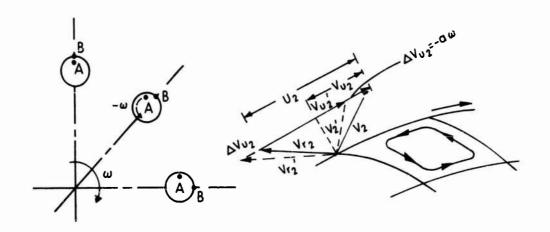


Figure 3
Interblade Circulation

Assuming that the impeller channel flow behaves similarly and that this motion is superimposed on the outward flow between the blades, the effect is to reduce the value of the tangential velocity  $V_{u_2}$  to  $V_{u_2}$ , where  $V_{u_2} = V_{u_2} - aw$ . The effective radius of the area between the blades is difficult to assess, but is generally taken as half of the perpendicular distance between the blade tangents at the impeller periphery, that is:

$$a = \frac{\pi d_2 \sin \beta_2}{2z} , \qquad (10)$$

where z is the number of blades.

Since,

$$w = \frac{U_2}{r_2} = \frac{2U_2}{d_2}$$

$$aw = \frac{\pi d_2 \sin \beta_2}{2z} \cdot \frac{2U_2}{d_2} = \frac{\pi \sin \beta_2}{z} U_2$$
, (11)

and

$$V_{u_2}' = V_{u_2} - \frac{\pi \sin \beta_2}{z} U_2$$
 (12)

The net result of interblade circulation is to reduce the theoretical pressure based on the theoretical ideal velocity diagram. However, this reduction of output potential is the result of the behavior of an ideal fluid and does not represent a loss in terms of fluid and rotor energies because the impeller is not called upon to supply this additional energy. The significance of the interblade circulation correction is that by increasing the number of fan blades for a given fan, while maintaining constant tip speed, diameters, and blade angles, higher pressure outputs are possible since the flow more closely follows the blade profile angles; thus, the theoretical Euler line equation is more closely approached since interblade circulation effects are minimized.

The reduction in theoretical Euler pressure due to interblade circulation is expressed by:

$$\Delta P_{\mathbf{b}} = \frac{\rho}{q_{\mathbf{c}}} U_{\mathbf{a}} \mathbf{a} \omega$$

$$=\frac{\rho}{g_c}U_2^2\frac{\pi}{z}\sin\beta_2, \qquad (13a)$$

and nondimensionally:

$$\Delta \Psi_{b} = \frac{\pi}{2} \sin \beta_{2} . \qquad (13b)$$

#### EFFECTS OF NONUNIFORM DISCHARGE VELOCITY

Another effect which causes the fan to deviate from the theoretical Euler line is that the radial velocity may not be uniform along the discharge of the impeller. The pressure produced with a varying velocity is less than that produced with a uniform discharge velocity giving the same net flow rate. For a centrifugal fan having a linear variation of velocity across the depth of the channel, as shown in item (a) of figure 4, Shepherd<sup>6</sup> showed that:

$$\Delta P_{\rm nd} = \frac{\rho \ U_{2} \ Q_{\rm imp}}{g_{\rm c} \ \pi d_{2} b_{2}} \left[ \frac{(V_{\rm m_{2} max} - V_{\rm m_{2} min})^{2}}{12 \ V_{\rm m_{2}}^{2}} \right] \cot \beta_{2} , \qquad (14a)$$

and nondimensionally:

$$\Delta \Psi_{\text{nd}} = \frac{\emptyset_{\text{imp}} d_{\text{a}}}{\pi b_{\text{a}}} \left[ \frac{\left( V_{\text{max}} - V_{\text{max}} - V_{\text{max}} n \right)^{2}}{12 V_{\text{m}_{\text{a}}}^{2}} \right] \cot \beta_{\text{a}} . \quad (14b)$$

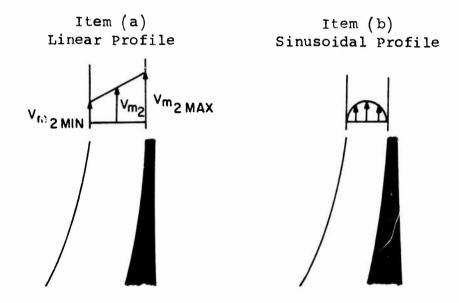


Figure 4
Nonuniform Discharge Velocity Distributions

For the case of a sinusoidal flow distribution, as shown in item (b) of figure 4, Wislicenus showed that:

$$\Delta P_{\text{nd}} = \frac{\rho U_2 Q_{\text{imp}}}{g_C \pi d_2 b_2} \left[ \frac{\pi^2}{8} - 1 \right] \cot \beta_2 , \qquad (15a)$$

and nondimensionally:

$$\Delta \Psi_{\text{nd}} = \frac{\emptyset_{\text{imp}} d_2}{\pi b_2} \left[ \frac{\pi^2}{8} - 1 \right] \cot \beta_2 . \qquad (15b)$$

Equations (15a) and (15b) also hold for a sinusoidal distribution in the peripheral direction around the impeller and the two velocity patterns may be superimposed giving a correction factor of  $[(\pi^2/8)^2 - 1]$ . The causes of the nonuniform velocity distribution can be the manner in which the flow is turned from the axial to the radial direction in the inlet, as well as by real fluid effects such as friction and separation on the walls of the disk, shroud, and blades.

The net result of nonuniform discharge velocity is to reduce the maximum theoretical pressure predicted by the Euler line equation. However, like interblade circulation, this reduction in output potential does not represent a loss because the impeller is not called upon to supply this additional output. Radial velocity distributions at centrifugal fan outlets, shown by Brotherhood, 11 suggest that both linear and sinusoidal velocity distributions combined are generally present.

Although interblade circulation and nonuniform velocity distribution do not require or expend any energy, they do affect the fan efficiency since they represent lost potential which causes the theoretical Euler line to be modified downward. The modified Euler line equation on which efficiency is based now becomes:

$$P_E = P_{\infty} - \Delta P_b - \Delta P_{nd} , \qquad (16a)$$

and nondimensionally:

$$\Psi_{\mathbf{E}} = \Psi_{\infty} - \Delta \Psi_{\mathbf{b}} - \Delta \Psi_{\mathbf{nd}} . \tag{16b}$$

Thus, minimizing interblade circulation and nonuniform velocity distribution effects should improve efficiency, since the theoretical Euler line condition will be more closely approached.

## IMPELLER LOSS

A loss occurs in the impeller due to separation of the fluid stream during flow through the blade passage and is defined as:

$$\Delta P_{imp} = V_{imp} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \frac{\rho}{g_c} (V_{r_1} - V_{r_2})^2$$
 (17)

The value of  $k_{imp}$  is between 0.2 and 0.3 for flat plate blades and on the order of 0.15 for aerofoil section blades. 3, 3

Zero preswirl has been assumed in the calculations of  $V_1$  since  $\Delta P_{\text{imp}}$  is very small at low flow rates and will not affect the final result, while at high flow rates preswirl is zero.<sup>2, 2</sup> By considering the inlet and outlet velocity diagrams of figure 2 and putting,

$$V_{m_1} = \frac{Q_{imp}}{\pi d_1 b_1}$$
 and  $V_{m_2} = \frac{Q_{imp}}{\pi d_2 b_2}$ , (18)

then equation (17) becomes:

$$\Delta P_{imp} = \frac{k_{imp}}{2} \frac{\rho}{g_C} Q_{imp}^2 \left[ \frac{1}{\pi d_1 b_1 \sin \beta_1} - \frac{1}{\pi d_2 b_2 \sin \beta_2} \right]^2, \quad (19a)$$

and nondimensionally:

$$\Delta \Psi_{\text{imp}} = \frac{k_{\text{imp}}}{2} \left( \frac{\emptyset_{\text{imp}} d_2}{\pi b_2} \right)^2 \left[ \frac{1}{R_d R_b \sin \beta_1} - \frac{1}{\sin \beta_2} \right]^2 , \quad (19b)$$

where  $R_d = d_1/d_2$  and  $R_b = b_1/b_2$ .

## INLET LOSSES

The inlet loss is divided into two parts. First, air enters the impeller inlet section, usually through a reducing section, as shown in figure 1. The airflow must expand from the velocity at the inlet eye,  $V_{\rm e}$ , to the axial velocity,  $V_{\rm O}$ , at the impeller inlet (or exit of the reducing section) and be turned from axial to radial flow. The loss associated with the expansion may be expressed as:

$$\Delta P_{in_1} = \frac{k_{in_1}}{2} \frac{\rho}{g_C} V_e^2 . \qquad (20)$$

Although the inlet conditions should be based on  $Q_{in}$ , the calculations may be simplified with minimal error by using  $Q_{imp}$  since the leakage condition is not known until the outlet conditions are known. Thus, equation (20) becomes:

$$\Delta P_{in_1} = \frac{k_{in_1}}{2} \frac{\rho}{g_c} \left[ \frac{4* \quad Q_{imp}}{\pi d_e^2} \right]^2 , \qquad (2la)$$

and nondimensionally:

$$\Delta \Psi_{\text{in}_1} = \frac{k_{\text{in}_1}}{2} \, \mathcal{O}_{\text{imp}}^2 \left[ \frac{4 \, d_2^2}{\pi d_e^2} \right]^2 \quad . \tag{21b}$$

The value of  $k_{in_1}$  ranges from 0.2 to 0.5.2, 3

A second loss occurs as a result of expansion or contraction of the air as it enters the blade passages. The loss also takes into account the effect of preswirl. British work suggests that for low flow rate where  $V_0 \leq V_{\Gamma_1}$ , the preswirl angle,  $\beta_S$ , is on the order of 45 degrees. At higher flow rates, where  $V_0 \geq V_{\Gamma_1}$ , the preswirl angle is zero. This loss is expressed by:

$$\Delta P_{in_{2}} = \frac{k_{in_{2}}}{2} \frac{\rho}{g_{c}} (V_{o} - V_{r_{1}})^{2} , \qquad (22)$$

where  $k_{in_2}$  lies between 0.5 and 0.8.2,3 By substituting,

$$V_{O} = \frac{4 \cdot Q_{imp}}{\pi d_{i}^{2}} , \qquad (23)$$

and from the inlet velocity diagram of item (b), figure 2,

$$V_{r_1} = \sqrt{V_{m_1}^2 + (U_1 - V_{m_1} \tan \beta_S)^2} . \qquad (24)$$

Thus, equation (22) becomes:

$$\Delta P_{in_{2}} = \frac{k_{in_{2}}}{2} \frac{\rho}{g_{c}} \left[ \frac{4 Q_{imp}}{\pi d_{1}^{2}} - \sqrt{V_{m_{1}}^{2} + (U_{1} - V_{m_{1}} \tan \beta_{s})^{s}} \right]^{s} . \tag{25a}$$

In nondimensional form, this becomes:

$$\Delta \Psi_{in_2} = \frac{k_{in_2}}{2} \left[ \frac{4 \phi_{imp}}{R_d^2 \pi} \right]$$

$$-\sqrt{\left(\frac{d_{2} \not g_{imp}}{R_{d} R_{b} \pi b_{2}}\right)^{2} \left(1 + \tan^{2} \beta_{S}\right) - \frac{2d_{2} \not g_{imp} \tan \beta_{S}}{\pi R_{b} b_{2}} + R_{d}^{2}}} \right]^{2}.$$
(25b)

The definitions of  $R_d$ ,  $R_b$ ,  $\Delta \gamma$ , and  $\emptyset_{imp}$ , equation (18), and various relationships obtained from the inlet velocity diagram (item (b), figure 2) must be substituted into equation (25a) in order to obtain equation (25b).

#### LEAKAGE FLOW

Internal flow leakage occurs primarily between the impeller inlet and the casing inlet as shown in figure 1. Also, a leakage may occur around the drive shaft where it enters the casing, but this is far less serious than the inlet leakage and is not considered. The leakage volume that flows back into the inlet from the impeller exit area may be treated as flow through an orifice, that is, the leakage volume may be written:

$$Q_{leak} = C_{d} \pi d_{1} \delta \sqrt{\frac{2P_{static} g_{c}}{\rho}} , \qquad (26a)$$

where  $C_d$  is a discharge coefficient on the order of 0.6,  $^3$   $P_{static}$  is the static pressure increase across the fan impeller, and  $_\delta$  is the clearance between impeller and casing. Written nondimensionally:

$$\emptyset_{leak} = C_d \frac{d_1}{d_2^2} \pi \delta \sqrt{2_{static}^{\psi}}$$
 (26b)

where  $\Psi_{static} = P_{static}/(o/g_c) U_2^2$ . In general, the static pressure difference  $(P_s)$  is nearly equal to the fan total pressure  $(P_{total})$ , due to the static depression caused by the inlet velocity pressure and, thus,  $P_{total}$  may be used in place of  $P_{static}$  without significant error.

For the case of  $Q_{\text{out}} = 0$ , a static pressure difference exists across the fan impeller. Thus, a leakage flow exists, and there is a flow through the impeller,  $Q_{\text{imp}} = Q_{\text{leak}}$ , even though the flow downstream is zero.

#### RECIRCULATION LOSS

The recirculation pressure loss is due to the leakage flow reentering the intake and causing additional work to be done to overcome dissipation, turning, and mixing losses. Osborne<sup>2</sup> and Shipway<sup>3</sup> do not consider a recirculation loss, although Galvas<sup>8</sup> does consider a somewhat similar loss. The recirculation loss appeared to be best expressed as a function of the leakage flow velocity where:

$$\Delta P_{RC} = k_{leak} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \frac{\rho}{g_C} \left( \frac{Q_{leak}}{\pi d_1 \delta} \right)^2 , \qquad (27)$$

where  $k_{leak}$  appears to lie between 0.2 and 0.5 based on recalculating data presented by Shipway<sup>3</sup> used to compare to experimental data. Substituting equation (26a) in (27) yields:

$$\Delta P_{RC} = k_{leak} C_d^2 P_{static} , \qquad (28a)$$

and nondimensionally:

$$\Delta \Psi_{RC} = k_{leak} C_d^2 \Psi_{static} . \qquad (28b)$$

# OUTLET LOSSES

There is almost always an increase of flow area from the blade passage to the volute casing which may range up to 2 1/2 times. Thus, there is a tendency for retardation of flow velocity with resultant eddy formation. This is expressed as an expansion-type loss by:

$$\Delta P_{\text{out}} = k_{\text{out}} \frac{1}{2} \frac{\rho}{g_c} [V_a' - V_3]^2$$
 (29)

The coefficient  $k_{\text{out}}$  will vary with deviation from design conditions, but at maximum efficiency it is probably on the order of 0.4.2, 3 Also,

$$V_3 = \frac{Q_{\text{out}}}{A_3} \tag{30}$$

where  $V_3$  is the average velocity at some measuring station of area,  $A_3$ , which may be at the volute casing exit. If  $V_3$  is measured close to the fan outlet, the case where  $V_3 = V_2$  is obtained, and hence  $\Delta P_{\text{out}} = 0$ . From the outlet velocity diagrams, item (a) of figure 2 and figure 3, the following is obtained:

$$V_{2}' = \sqrt{\left(U_{2} - \frac{Q_{imp}}{\pi d_{2}b_{2}} \cot \beta_{2} - \frac{U_{2}\pi}{z} \sin \beta_{2}\right)^{2} + \left(\frac{Q_{imp}}{\pi d_{2}b_{2}}\right)^{2}}$$
 (31)

Written nondimensionally, equation (29) becomes:

$$\Delta \Psi_{\text{out}} = \frac{k_{\text{out}}}{2} \left[ \left( 1 - \frac{\emptyset_{\text{imp}} d_2}{\pi b_2} \cot \beta_2 - \frac{\pi}{z} \sin \beta_2 \right)^2 \right]$$

$$+\left(\frac{g_{\text{imp d}_2}}{\pi b_2}\right)^2\right)^{1/2} - \frac{g_{\text{out d}_2}}{A_3}^2$$
 (32)

In many present SEV installations, the centrifugal fan is mounted directly in a large plenum rather than a volute. No attempt is made to recover the tangential component of velocity, such as by mounting exit turning vanes. In this case, the outlet pressure loss is due entirely to the dissipation of the tangential component of velocity<sup>12</sup> and is stated as:

$$\Delta P_{\text{out}} = \frac{\rho}{g_{\text{c}}} \frac{V_{\text{u}_2}^{\prime 2}}{2} , \qquad (33a)$$

or nondimensionally:

$$\Delta \Psi_{\text{out}} = \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{V'_{u_2}}{U_2} \right)^2 , \qquad (33b)$$

where  $V_{u_2}'$  is obtained from equation (12).

## **EFFICIENCY**

The efficiency of a fan is generally defined as the ratio of useful output power to the required input power to the impeller. The input power to the impeller is equal to the product of the impeller volume flow rate and the modified Euler line pressure of equations (17) or (18). Thus,

input power = 
$$Q_{imp}^* P_E$$
, (34a)

or nondimensionally,

input power = 
$$\emptyset_{imp}^* \ ^{\Psi}_{E}$$
 . (34b)

The outlet power is equal to the product of the outlet pressure times the outlet volume flow rate. The outlet volume flow rate is equal to the impeller volume flow rate minus the leakage flow rate, which flows back toward the fan inlet and is calculated from equations (26a) or (26b). The outlet pressure may be based on either the total or static pressure conditions. The total pressure condition is obtained from:

$$P_{\text{total}} = P_{\text{E}} - \Delta P_{\text{imp}} - \Delta P_{\text{in}_{1}} - \Delta P_{\text{in}_{2}} - \Delta P_{\text{RC}} - \Delta P_{\text{out}}, \quad (35a)$$

and nondimensionally:

$$\Psi_{\text{total}} = \Psi_{\text{E}} - \Delta \Psi_{\text{imp}} - \Delta \Psi_{\text{in}_{1}} - \Delta \Psi_{\text{in}_{2}} - \Delta \Psi_{\text{RC}} - \Delta \Psi_{\text{out}}$$
 (35b)

The static pressure condition is obtained from:

$$P_{\text{static}} = P_{\text{total}} - \Delta P_{\text{v}}$$
, (36a)

or

$$\Psi_{\text{static}} = \Psi_{\text{total}} - \Delta \Psi_{\text{v}}$$
, (36b)

where  $\Delta P_{_{\mathbf{V}}}$  and  $\Delta \Psi_{_{\mathbf{V}}}$  represent velocity pressure and

$$\Delta P_{v} = \frac{1}{2} \frac{\rho}{g_{c}} v_{z}^{2}$$
 (if static and total pressure are measured at fan exit), (37a)

or

$$\Delta P_{V} = \frac{1}{2} \frac{\rho}{g_{C}} V_{3}^{2}$$
 (if static and total pressure are measured downstream of fan); (37b)

and nondimensionally:

$$\Delta \Psi_{\mathbf{v}} = \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{\mathbf{v}_{2}'}{\mathbf{u}_{2}} \right)^{2}$$
 (if static and total pressure are measured at fan exit), (38a)

or

$$\Delta^{\Psi}_{\mathbf{v}} = \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{\mathbf{v}_{3}}{\mathbf{u}_{2}} \right)^{2}$$
 (if static and total pressure are measured downstream of fan). (38b)

The fan total efficiency may now be expressed as:

$$\eta_{\text{total}} = \frac{P_{\text{total}}}{P_{\text{E}}} \cdot \frac{Q_{\text{imp}} - Q_{\text{leak}}}{Q_{\text{imp}}} = \frac{\Psi_{\text{total}}}{\Psi_{\text{E}}} \cdot \frac{\emptyset_{\text{imp}} - \emptyset_{\text{leak}}}{\emptyset_{\text{imp}}} .$$
(39a)

The static efficiency is expressed by:

$$\eta_{\text{static}} = \frac{P_{\text{static}}}{P_{\text{E}}} \cdot \frac{Q_{\text{imp}} - Q_{\text{leak}}}{Q_{\text{imp}}} = \frac{\Psi_{\text{static}}}{\Psi_{\text{E}}} \cdot \frac{\emptyset_{\text{imp}} - \emptyset_{\text{leak}}}{\emptyset_{\text{imp}}}.$$
(39b)

The efficiency of an impeller and volute (or diffuser) will always be less than that of just the impeller. The difference will be determined by the efficiency of the volute,  $\eta_{\rm D}$ , where

$$\eta_{\rm D} = \frac{P_{\rm E} - \Delta P_{\rm out}}{P_{\rm E}} = \frac{\Psi_{\rm E} - \Delta \Psi_{\rm out}}{\Psi_{\rm E}} . \tag{40}$$

In some cases, fan characteristics which are presented by manufacturers are based on measurements at the exit of the fan diffuser or volute. However, efficiencies quoted with these fan characteristics often do not include the outlet loss and represent only the higher fan impeller efficiency. Thus, when comparing experimental and predicted data it is important to know how the experimental data were obtained.

# COMPARISON OF EXPERIMENTAL AND PREDICTED RESULTS

The fan characteristic prediction program was used to predict experimental performance for a 60-inch outside diameter (OD) backwardly-curved, airfoil-bladed, HEBA/B centrifugal fan. The results are shown in figure 5 along with all the losses. Agreement between experimental and predicted value is quite good, but this depends to some extent on the selection of loss coefficients which requires either experience or experimental background to make proper selections. For the present case, the following loss coefficients were used:

$$k_{imp} = 0.15$$

$$k_{in_1} = 0.28$$

$$k_{in_2} = 0.7$$

$$k_{leak} = 0.3$$

$$k_{out} = 0.4$$
.

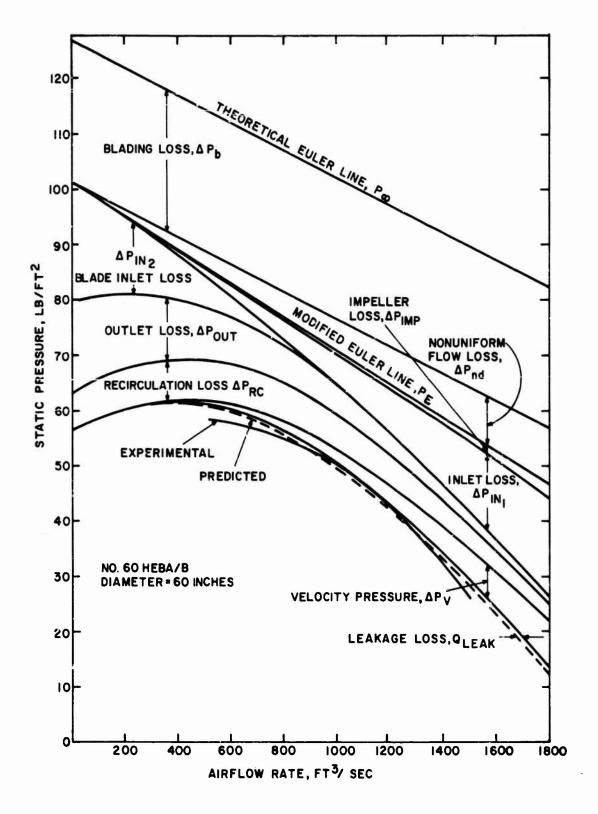


Figure 5
Comparison of Predicted and Experimental Results

Also, the following physical variables describe the HEBA/B centrifugal fan system:

$$V_{tip} = 233 \text{ ft/s}^{\dagger}$$
 $d_1 = 3.46 \text{ ft}$ 
 $d_2 = 5.00 \text{ ft}$ 
 $b_1 = 1.62 \text{ ft}$ 
 $b_2 = 1.18 \text{ ft}$ 
 $\beta_1 = 25 \text{ degrees}$ 
 $\beta_2 = 50 \text{ degrees}$ 
 $z = 12 \text{ blades}$ 
 $A_3 = 21 \text{ ft}^2 \text{ (volute exit)}$ 

 $\delta$  = 1/16 inch per foot of inside diameter (ID).

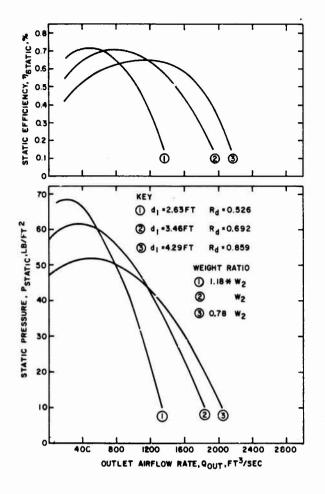
 $d_e = 0.9* d_1$ 

 $c_d = 0.6$ 

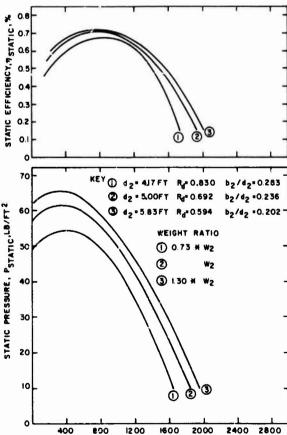
A sinusoidal nonuniform discharge velocity is assumed to be occurring at the impeller outlet since this helps simplify the calculations and does not appear to offer any significant error in results over assuming a linear profile or combination.

Of particular interest for SEVs is having a fan with as flat a characteristic as possible, that is, having a large change of flow rate for a small pressure change at a given fan speed. To see what effect the different variables have on the fan characteristic curve, most of the above variables for the HEBA/B centrifugal fan were varied above and below the actual values in the prediction program. Items (a) through (h) of figure 6 show the results where one variable at a time was varied with the resultant static pressure and efficiency being plotted against the outlet airflow rate.

<sup>†</sup>Abbreviations used in this text are from the GPO Style Manual, 1973, unless otherwise noted.



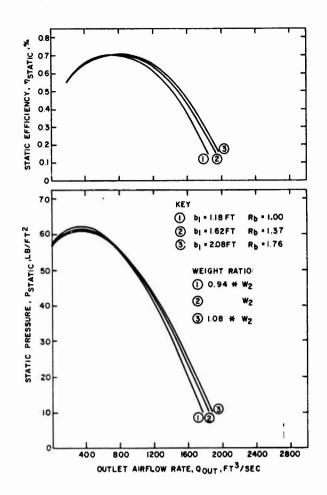
Item (a)
Liffects of Inside Diameter



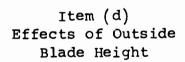
OUTLET AIRFLOW RATE, QOUT , FT 3/SEC

Item (b)
Effects of Outside Diameter

Figure 6
Effects of Centrifugal Fan Parameters



Item (c) Effects of Inside Blade Height



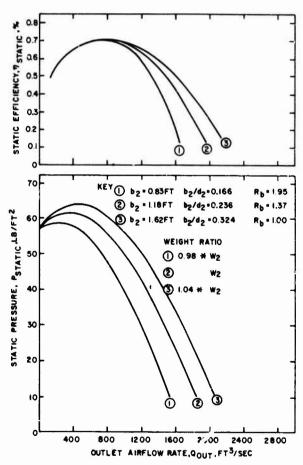
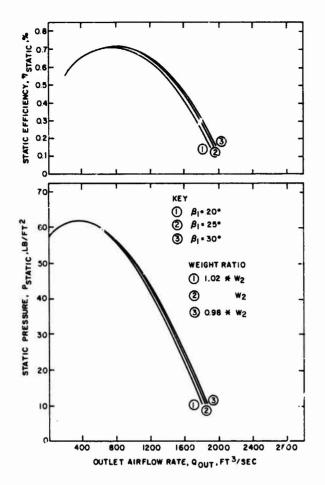
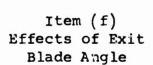


Figure 6 (Cont)



Item (e)
Effects of Inlet
Blade Angle



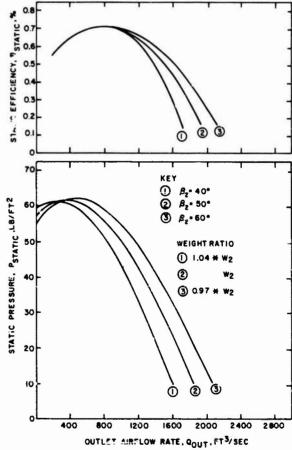
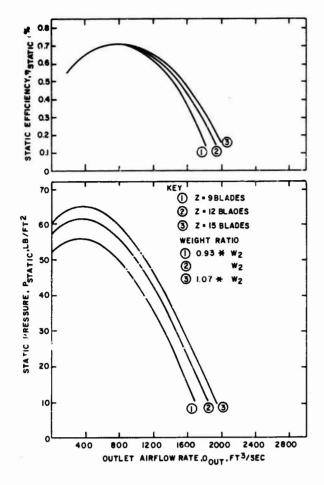
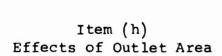


Figure 6 (Cont)



Item (g)
Effect of Number
of Blades



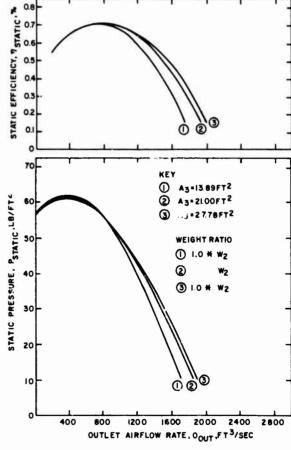


Figure 6 (Cont)

Included in the figures is an estimate of how the variable change affects basic fan impeller and hub weight as compared to the original HEBA/B fan noted as curve 2 in all figures. The rational for the weight estimates is snown in appendix C. Item (a) of figure 6 showed the most significant effect on characteristic slope. When the fan inside diameter approached the outside diameter, a significantly flatter characteristic resulted, although peak efficiency was reduced compared to the original fan. The fan static efficiency and pressure are both determined at the fan volute exit. Variation of the other parameters in items (b) through (h) did not significantly affect the slope or peak efficiency but could affect the pressure flow output. In figure 7, both the inlet and exit blade heights were changed together. Increasing the fan blade height allows greater airflow through the fan at a slightly increased pressure and a slightly more favorable slope without significantly affecting peak efficiency.

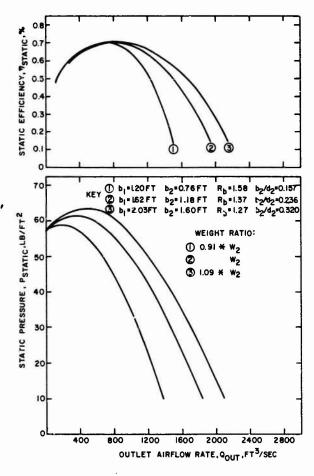


Figure 7
Effects of Changing
Blade Height

## LIMITATIONS ON CENTRIFUGAL FAN PREDICTION PROGRAM

It has been found that size affects efficiency when geometrically similar fans of different size are compared. Increasing the fan diameter for a family of similar fans will cause the fan efficiency to increase due to a decrease in relative roughness (e/d), where e = characteristic roughness size. The

characteristic roughness remains more or less constant in manufacturing processes so that relative roughness (e/d) varies inversely as the fan diameter. The degree of modification for size effects is small compared to the accuracy limits of the above method and has been omitted to simplify the calculations.

Increasing the number of fan blades in the above program has the effect of improving output flow and pressure as well as efficiency, since interblade circulation effects are minimized to provide a higher modified Euler line. To avoid designs having too many or too few blades, the pitch-to-chord ratio of the fan is generally maintained between 0.5 and 1.5.14

## AXIAL FAN CHARACTERISTICS PREDICTION

The method of predicting axial flow lift fan characteristic curves was based on work by Wallis<sup>4</sup> and Shipway.<sup>5</sup> Using this method, axial fans could be designed with either prerotator or straightener vanes, as is usual with surface effect vehicles. The program requires the basic geometry of the fan and the characteristics of the desired airfoil blade to be used. Both isolated airfoil and cascade data can be used in the program, depending on the solidity value calculated for the fan.

The method for predicting axial fan characteristics is essentially divided into three sections:

- Preliminary design
- Detailed design
- Off-design characteristics.

In the preliminary design, the fan efficiency and other variables based on given flow, pressure, and geometry are estimated. The detail design will specify the geometric details, such as inlet and exit angles of the fan blade and the prerotator or straightener blades. The off-design characteristics predict the variation of fan pressure and efficiency with flow rate for a given fan speed.

## PRELIMINARY DESIGN

The preliminary design is necessary to calculate and estimate some of the variables that will be needed in the later detailed design. The preliminary design estimates the total fan efficiency based on the following input design variables:

- Total pressure, P<sub>T</sub>des
- Flow, Qdes
- Outside (or tip) diameter, D<sub>tip</sub>
- $\bullet$  Inside (or hub) diameter,  $\textbf{D}_{H}\text{, or hub-to-tip}$  ratio,  $\textbf{X}_{H}$ 
  - Tip speed, Vtip, or fan r/min, n.

Various combinations of the above variables can be tried at this point to determine the optimum fan design dictated normally by the highest efficiency. At the end of the preliminary design, the basic physical dimensions have been determined and a more refined design will be performed to detail the aerodynamic design of the fan.

The preliminary design procedure requires the five input variables above and proceeds to calculate total fan efficiency for a fan having one of two options:

- Prerotators (or inlet guide vanes)
- Straighteners (or exit guide vanes).

If prerotators are used, the case is denoted by having the straightener swirl coefficient equal to zero ( $\varepsilon_{\rm S}=0$ ). If straighteners are used, then the prerotator swirl coefficient is zero ( $\varepsilon_{\rm p}=0$ ). The swirl coefficient represents the ratio of the tangential velocity component to the axial velocity component at a given radius. The design method used does not cover the case of using both prerotators and straighteners at the same time.

The axial velocity through the fan for a given flow is calculated by:

$$V_{ax} = \frac{Q}{\pi \frac{D_{tip}^{2}}{4} (1 - X_{H}^{2})}$$
 (41)

where  $X_H = D_H/D_{tip}$ . The flow coefficient at the blade tip is determined by:

$$\emptyset_{\text{tip}} = \frac{Q}{D_{\text{tip}}^2 V_{\text{tip}}} , \qquad (42a)$$

at the hub,

$$\emptyset_{H} = \frac{\emptyset_{\text{tip}}}{x_{H}} , \qquad (42b)$$

and at the midspan of the blade,

$$\hat{\mathcal{D}}_{m} = \frac{\hat{\mathcal{D}}_{tip}}{\left(\frac{D_{H} + D_{tip}}{2 D_{tip}}\right)} = \frac{2 \hat{\mathcal{D}}_{tip}}{1 + X_{H}}$$
(42c)

The conditions at the tip, hub, and midspan of the blade, in general, represent the extremes and average conditions associated with the fan. Thus, conditions at these three sections are important and each is required to be known to assure a proper axial fan design.

The theoretical total pressure coefficient is calculated in dimensionless terms by:

$$v_{\text{th}} = \frac{p_{\text{T}}}{\frac{\rho}{g_{\text{C}}} V_{\text{tip}}^2} . \tag{43}$$

For the fan design, it has been assumed that the total pressure rise and the axial velocity component remains constant along the blade length and that there is no radial component of flow. These assumptions fulfill the requirement for the free vortex flow that the fan design is based on.

The impeller swirl coefficient, which is defined as the ratio of the tangential-to-axial velocity component, is obtained from: 4,5

$$\varepsilon_{\text{imptip}} = \frac{4 \, V_{\text{tip}}^2}{\pi \, V_{\text{ax}}^2 \, \eta_{\text{T}} \, (1 - X_{\text{H}}^2)} \, \Psi_{\text{th}} \, \emptyset_{\text{tip}} , \qquad (44a)$$

$$\varepsilon_{imp_m} = \varepsilon_{imp_{tip}} \cdot \frac{2}{(1 + X_H)}$$
(44b)

$$\varepsilon_{imp_{H}} = \frac{\varepsilon_{imp_{tip}}}{X_{H}}$$
(44c)

where  $\eta_T$  is the total fan efficiency and is assumed to be 0.8 for initial calculations. The swirl coefficient is an important variable in that it represents a measure of the torque of the impeller, in this case, and will be used in many subsequent equations.

The product of lift coefficient ( $C_L$ ) and solidity ( $\sigma = C/S$ ) at a section on the blade is given by:

$$(C_{L}\sigma) = 2 \epsilon_{imp} \sin \gamma_{imp}$$
, (45)

where  $\gamma_{imp}$  is the angle between the resultant velocity through the fan impeller and the plane of rotation and is expressed by:4

$$\gamma_{\text{imp}} = \tan^{-1} \left( \frac{4\emptyset}{\pi (1 - X_{\text{H}^2}) - 2 \varepsilon_{\text{imp}} \emptyset} \right) \text{ (if straighteners are used, } \varepsilon_{\text{p}} = 0) ,$$

$$(46a)$$

cr

$$Y_{\text{imp}} = \tan^{-1} \left( \frac{4\emptyset}{\pi(1 - X_{\text{H}}^2) + 2 \varepsilon_{\text{imp}} \emptyset} \right) \text{ (if prerotators are used, } \varepsilon_{\text{s}} = 0) .$$
(46b)

Figures 8 and 9 show the geometric and velocity vector details of the blades which are used for the above and following equations. If equation (45) is to be solved at the hub, the appropriate values of  $\emptyset_H$ ,  $\varepsilon_{\text{imp}_H}$ , and  $\gamma_{\text{imp}_H}$  at the hub must be used in the equations. Likewise, if the value at the midspan is desired, the values of  $\emptyset_m$ ,  $\varepsilon_{\text{imp}_m}$ , and  $\gamma_{\text{imp}_m}$  must be used. In equations to follow, the subscript 'H' means values at the hub and the subscript 'm' means values at the midspan.

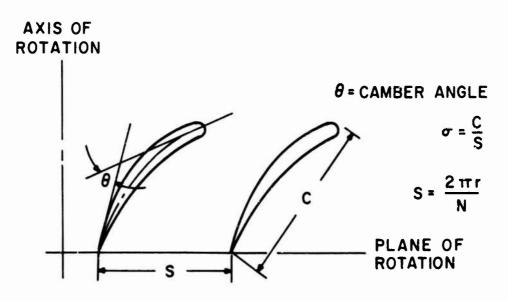


Figure 8
Geometric Details of Blades

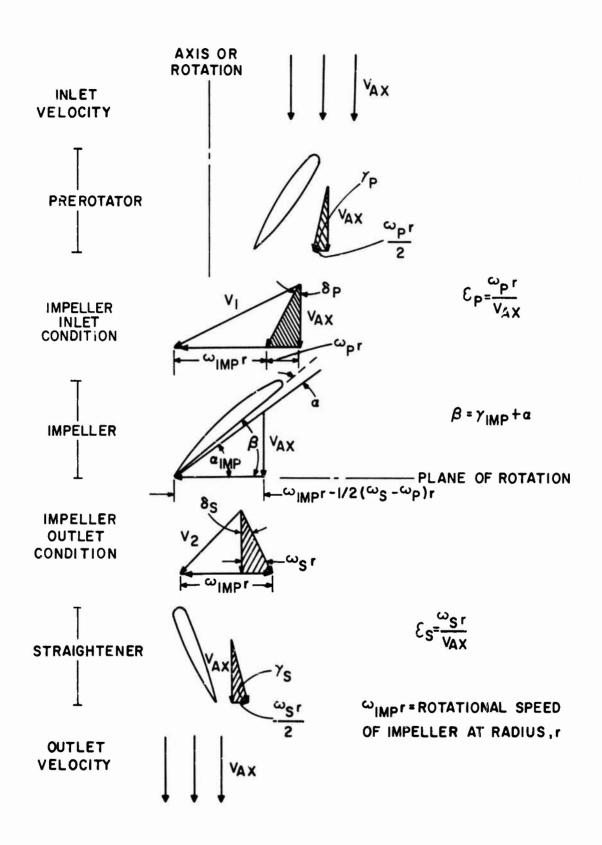


Figure 9
Velocity Vectors for Fan System

With increasing static pressure rise across the fan impeller, there is a sharp increase in drag just prior to blade stalling. Maximum efficiency or optimum conditions should occur just before this rapid increase occurs. The following relationships<sup>4</sup> express the optimum lift coefficient  $(C_L^*)$ :

$$C_{L^{*}} = 2 \left[ \frac{1 + \left( \frac{\pi(1 - X_{H^{2}})}{4\emptyset} \right)^{2}}{1 + \left( \frac{\pi(1 - X_{H^{2}}) + 4 \epsilon_{imp} \emptyset}{4\emptyset} \right)^{2}} \right]^{1.375}$$
 (if  $\epsilon_{s} = 0$ ), (47a)

or

$$C_{L^{*}} = 2 \left[ \frac{1 + \left( \frac{\pi(1 - X_{H}^{2}) - 4 \varepsilon_{imp} \emptyset}{4\emptyset} \right)^{2}}{1 + \left( \frac{\pi(1 - X_{H}^{2})}{4\emptyset} \right)^{2}} \right]^{1.375}$$
 (if  $\varepsilon_{p} = 0$ ).

The solidity at any blade section may then be obtained by dividing equation (45) by (47). Thus,

$$\sigma = \left(\frac{c_L \sigma}{c_L^*}\right) . \tag{48}$$

The value of  $\sigma$  at the blade hub should be checked to assure that it is within the design limits of  $\sigma_{\rm H} \leq 1.5$ . If  $\sigma_{\rm H}$  exceeds 1.5, the preliminary design input variables should be changed (i.e., increasing  $V_{\rm tip}$  and/or  $X_{\rm H}$  will decrease  $\sigma_{\rm H}$ ) and the calculations up to this point repeated.

The profile, secondary, and annulus losses associated with the impeller can now be calculated. The values are obtained at the midspan of the blade since they should represent the mean

27 -404

loss for the impeller as a whole. The loss of efficiency due to profile  ${\rm drag^4}$ ,  ${}^5$  is:

$$\frac{\Delta^{\Psi}_{imp_{PR}}}{\Psi_{th}} = \frac{C_{D_{PR}}}{C_{L}} \cdot \frac{\emptyset}{\sin^{2} Y_{imp}} \cdot \frac{4}{\pi(1 - X_{H}^{2})} , \qquad (49)$$

where  $\gamma_{imp}$  is obtained from equation (46) and  $C_{DpR}$  is the profile drag coefficient. The loss of efficiency due to secondary losses is obtained by:4,5

$$\frac{\Delta^{\Psi} \text{impsec}}{\Psi_{\text{th}}} = \frac{C_{\text{Dsec}}}{C_{\text{L}}} \cdot \frac{\emptyset}{\sin^2 \gamma_{\text{imp}}} \cdot \frac{4}{\pi(1 - X_{\text{H}^2})} , \qquad (50)$$

where  $C_{D\,sec}$  is the secondary drag coefficient. Combining equations (49) and (50) yields:

$$\frac{\Delta^{\Psi}_{\text{imp}_{PR}} + \Delta^{\Psi}_{\text{imp}_{sec}}}{\Psi_{\text{th}}} = \frac{C_{D_{PR}} + C_{D_{sec}}}{C_{L}} \cdot \frac{\emptyset}{\sin^{2} Y_{\text{imp}}} \cdot \frac{4}{\pi(1 - X_{H}^{2})}.$$
(51)

Shipway<sup>5</sup> suggests that for this case the value of lift to-drag ratio can be set as constant for preliminary evaluation as,

$$\frac{C_L}{C_{D_{PR}} + C_{D_{sec}}} = 20.5 . (52)$$

The magnitude of the annulus drag loss was assumed by Wallis<sup>4</sup> not to vary greatly from fan to fan and hence he suggests:

$$\frac{\Delta^{\Psi} imp_{an}}{\Psi th} = 0.02 \text{ (for aerofoil-shaped blades)}$$

(53)

The fan impeller efficiency can then be determined by adding equations (51) and (53) or,

$$\eta_{\text{imp}} = \frac{\Delta^{\Psi}_{\text{imp}_{PR}}}{\Psi_{\text{th}}} + \frac{\Delta^{\Psi}_{\text{imp}_{sec}}}{\Psi_{\text{th}}} + \frac{\Delta^{\Psi}_{\text{imp}_{an}}}{\Psi_{\text{th}}} . \tag{54}$$

The loss in efficiency caused by prerotator or straightener vane pressure drop must be determined. If straighteners only are used,<sup>4</sup>

$$\epsilon_{s} = \epsilon_{imp} \text{ and } \epsilon_{p} = 0$$
, (55)

and also4

$$\frac{\Delta \Psi_{s}}{\Psi_{th}} = \frac{C_{D_{s}} * \emptyset}{(2.18 - 1.43 \epsilon_{s}) \sin^{2} Y_{s}} \cdot \frac{4}{\pi (1 - X_{H}^{2})} \quad (\text{for } 0.5 \le \epsilon_{s} < 1.0),$$
(56a)

or4

$$\frac{\Delta^{\Psi}_{s}}{\Psi_{th}} = \frac{c_{DS}^{*} \emptyset}{3 \epsilon_{s} \sin^{3} \gamma_{s}} \cdot \frac{4}{\pi (1 - X_{H}^{2})} \quad (for \epsilon_{s} < 0.5) , \tag{56b}$$

where

$$\gamma_s = \cot^{-1}\left(\frac{\epsilon_s}{2}\right)$$
 (57)

The straightener and prerotator pressure loss are both calculated at the midspan of the blade.  $C_{\mathrm{D_S}}$  is the straightener drag coefficient. It is made up of the sum of the profile and secondary drag coefficients for the straightener blade. Wallis⁴ recommends the following drag coefficients be used:

$$C_{D_S} = C_{D_{S-PR}} + C_{D_{S-SeC}} , \qquad (58a)$$

$$C_{D_{S-PR}} = 0.016$$
 , (58b)

$$c_{D_{S-SeC}} = 0.018 c_{L_{S}}^{*2}$$
 (58c)

The optimum lift coefficient used in equation (58c) is obtained from:<sup>4</sup>

$$C_{L_{S}}^{*} = 2 \left[ \frac{1 + \left( \frac{\pi(1 - X_{H^{\circ}}) - 4 \epsilon_{S} \emptyset}{4 \emptyset} \right)^{2}}{1 + \left( \frac{\pi(1 - X_{H^{\circ}})}{4 \emptyset} \right)^{2}} \right]^{1.376}$$
(59)

If only prerotators are used then,4

$$\epsilon_{p} = \epsilon_{imp}$$
 and  $\epsilon_{s} = 0$ , (60)

and also,4

$$\frac{\Delta \Psi_{p}}{\Psi_{th}} = \frac{C_{D_{p}}^{*} \emptyset}{\sin^{2} Y_{p}} \cdot \frac{2}{\pi(1 - X_{H}^{2})} \text{ (for 0.7 } \leq \varepsilon_{p} < 1.5) , \tag{61a}$$

or4

$$\frac{\Delta \Psi_{p}}{\Psi_{th}} = \frac{C_{D_{p}}^{*} \emptyset}{3 \epsilon_{p} \sin^{3} Y_{p}} \cdot \frac{4}{\pi (1 - X_{H}^{2})} \text{ (for } \epsilon_{p} < 0.7),$$
(61b)

where

$$\gamma_{\rm p} = \cot^{-1}\left(\frac{\varepsilon_{\rm p}}{2}\right)$$
 (62)

The prerotator drag coefficient  $C_{\mathrm{Dp}}$  is calculated exactly as in equation (58). The optimum lift coefficient of equation (58c) now becomes,

$$C_{L_{p}^{*}} = 2 \left[ \frac{1 + \left( \frac{\pi(1 - X_{H}^{2})}{4\emptyset} \right)^{2}}{1 + \left( \frac{\pi(1 - X_{H}^{2}) + 4 \epsilon_{p}\emptyset}{4\emptyset} \right)^{2}} \right]^{1.375}.$$
 (63)

The clearance losses can be avoided with proper sealing of the straightener or prerotator blades to the casing. Thus, the annulus drag component need not be considered since it will be small.

The pressure loss associated with the diffusion process can be obtained by assuming the diffusion efficiency. Provided flow separation is avoided, diffuser efficiencies of  $\eta_D=0.8$  are obtainable and will be assumed in the calculations. For an annular-type diffuser, as shown in figure 10, in which  $\theta_D\cong 3^{\circ}$ , the diffusion pressure loss coefficient  $(\Delta \Psi_D)$  is,

$$\Delta \Psi_{D} = (1 - \eta_{D}) \left[ 1 - \left( \frac{A_{imp}}{A_{duct}} \right)^{2} \right] \cdot \frac{\eta_{T} V_{ax}^{2}}{2 V_{tip}^{2}} , \qquad (64)$$

where

 $A_{imp} = Impeller annulus area$ 

A<sub>duct</sub> = Diffuser outlet or duct area.

27 -404

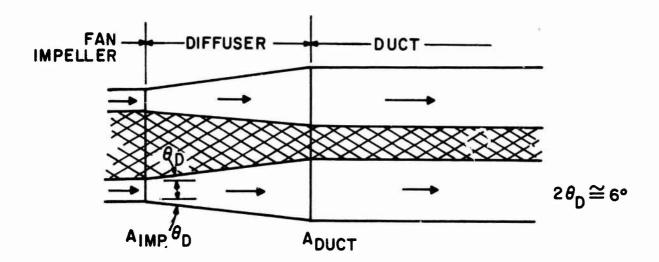


Figure 10 Annular Diffuser

If the duct diameter of the fan unit remains constant, the loss coefficient becomes,4

$$\Delta \Psi_{D} = (1 - \eta_{D}) \left[ X_{H^{2}} (2 - X_{H^{2}}) \right] \cdot \frac{\eta_{T} V_{ax}^{2}}{2 V_{tip}^{2}} . \tag{65}$$

The efficiency loss associated with the diffusion is obtained by dividing equation (64) or (65) by (43).

The fan total efficiency may now be determined from:

$$\eta_{\rm T} = \eta_{\rm imp} - \frac{\Delta^{\Psi}_{\rm D}}{\Psi_{\rm th}} - \frac{\Delta^{\Psi}_{\rm s}}{\Psi_{\rm th}} \left( \text{or } \frac{\Delta^{\Psi}_{\rm p}}{\Psi_{\rm th}} \right) .$$
(66)

If the  $\eta_T$  calculated in equation (66) differs by more than ~5% from the value of  $\eta_T$ , assumed initially in equation (44), repeat the calculation substituting the new value of  $\eta_T$  in equation (44) and repeating all calculations up to this point. If the  $\eta_T$  calculated is within 5% of the  $\eta_T$  assumed, then the initial design assumptions are reasonable and design calculations may continue.

## DETAILED DESIGN

At this point, the preliminary fan design is completed and the detailed fan design will be undertaken. Two design methods are available, the isolated airfoil method or the cascade design method. For solidity values below 0.7, the isolated airfoil data are used, while for solidity above 1.0 the cascade data are used. In between, either method may be used. Wallis<sup>4</sup> also recommends that the straighteners or prerotators be designed by the cascade method only. For the design of all blade elements, free vortex flow is assumed, that is, constant axial velocity along the blades.

In designing the impeller blading, an airfoil section must be chosen such as one of the NACA profiles. In the detailed design, only the lift coefficient ( $C_L$ ) and the angle of attack ( $\alpha$ ) for the design point are required. When the detailed design is completed, the complete airfoil section characteristic data will be needed to calculate off-design performance.

#### PREROTATOR DESIGN

If prerotators are used, their design must be determined before the impeller design can be finalized. To define the blade shape, it is divided into an even number of segments of equal length. An even number of segments will also provide specifications of the blade at a midspan location which is required for the off-design characteristics. Thus,

$$D_{i} = E_{H} + \frac{(D_{tip} - D_{H})}{j} \sum_{i=0}^{j} i$$
, (67)

where j is an even number of blade sections and i denotes the diameter location from the hub to the tip of the blade. The ratio of section-to-tip diameter is expressed by:

$$X_{i} = \frac{D_{i}}{D_{tip}} \quad (for i = 0 to j) \quad . \tag{68}$$

Likewise, the flow coefficient at each section diameter is expressed by:

$$\emptyset_i = \frac{\emptyset_{\text{tip}}}{X_i}$$
 (for  $i = 0$  to  $j$ ). (69)

The prerotator swirl coefficient is then

$$\epsilon_{p_i} = \frac{\epsilon_{imp_{tip}}}{X_i} \quad (for i = 0 to j) ,$$
(70)

and the relative velocity of the flow coming off the prerotator is at an angle ( $\delta_p$ ) with respect to the axis of rotation, defined by:

$$\delta_{p_i} = \tan^{-1} (\epsilon_{p_i}) \text{ (for } i = 0 \text{ to } j) .$$
 (71)

The solidity at each section for the prerotator is determined by:4

$$\sigma_{p_i} = \frac{2}{3} \quad (\text{for } \varepsilon_{p_i} < 0.7) , \qquad (72a)$$

and

$$\sigma_{p_i} = \frac{2 \epsilon_{p_i} \sin \gamma_{p_i}}{C_{I_i}} \quad (\text{for } 0.7 \le \epsilon_{p_i} < 1.5) , \qquad (72b)$$

and Wallis $^4$  assumes that with prerotators,  $C_{\rm L}$  = 2 satisfies most cases.

The camber angle (see figure 8) of the prerotator blade at each section is obtained from:4

$$\theta_{p_i} = \frac{\delta_{p_i}}{1 - 0.2/\sigma_{p_i}} \quad (\text{for } i = 0 \text{ to } j) . \tag{73}$$

The blade chord is equal to,

$$C_{p_i} = \frac{\Pi_i \quad \sigma_{p_i}}{N_p} \quad , \tag{74}$$

where  $N_p$  is the number of prerotator blades. In general, it is recommended that the number of prerotator or straightener blades be greater than the number of impeller blades.<sup>5,15</sup> Stricker and Shank<sup>15</sup> recommend that the number of straightener or prerotator blades be two more than the number of impeller blades for optimized noise considerations.

$$N_p = N_s = N_{imp} + 2$$
 (75)

In order to facilitate manufacturing of the prerotator blades, the blade chord and/or the blade camber angle may be kept constant. The values of  $C_p$  and  $\theta_p$  would be set at the values calculated for the midspan and new  $\sigma_{p_i}$ ,  $\delta_{p_i}$ , and  $\varepsilon_{p_i}$  coefficients must be calculated by using equations (74), (73), and (71), respectively.

# IMPELLER DESIGN

The impeller design will depend on whether prerotators or straighteners are used. The impeller blade is broken into sections along its diameter equal to those used for the prerotator or straightener section. Thus, equations (67), (68), and (69) apply for calculating D<sub>i</sub>, X<sub>i</sub>, and  $\emptyset_i$ , respectively. If no prerotators are used, then  $\varepsilon_{\text{pi}}$  equals zero for the design point on the impeller. However, if prerotators only are used,  $\varepsilon_{\text{Si}}$  equals zero at the design point unless the prerotator blades were modified to have constant C<sub>p</sub> and/or  $\theta_p$  to facilitate manufacturing. In this case, there may be a swirl component coming off the blade at the design point and thus  $\varepsilon_{\text{Si}} \neq 0$ . The swirl coefficient calculated for the modified prerotator must be subtracted from,

$$(\varepsilon_s + \varepsilon_p)_i = \frac{\varepsilon_{imp_{tip}}}{x_i}$$
, (76)

in order to determine  $\epsilon_{\text{Si}}$ . If the prerotator blade has not been modified,  $\epsilon_{\text{Si}}$  equals zero at the design point.

The product of lift coefficient (CL) and solidity ( $\sigma_{\text{impi}}$ ) can be expressed by,4

$$c_L \sigma_{imp_i} = 2 (\epsilon_s + \epsilon_p)_i \sin \gamma_{imp_i},$$
 (77)

where  $\gamma_{\text{imp}}$  is shown in figure 9 and determined by,<sup>4</sup>

$$Y_{imp_{i}} = tan^{-1} \left[ \frac{4\emptyset_{i}}{\pi(1 - X_{H}^{2}) - 2(\epsilon_{s} - \epsilon_{p})_{i} \emptyset_{i}} \right]. \tag{78}$$

At this point, the lift coefficient ( $C_L$ ) is selected from the characteristic of the airfoil to be used. The angle of attack ( $\alpha$ ) at which it occurs is also noted. Then, dividing equation (77) by the value of  $C_I$ , selected, the solidity ( $\sigma_{imp_i}$ ) is determined. The blade chord is then obtained by,

$$c_{imp_i} = \frac{\pi D_i \sigma_{imp_i}}{N_{imp}} . (79)$$

If the number of impeller blades ( $N_{imp}$ ) is not specific, it may be approximated from the hub-to-tip ratio ( $X_H$ ) given by, 16

$$N_{imp} = \frac{6x_{H}}{(1 - x_{H})} . (80)$$

The blade angle  $(\beta_i)$  is determined by,

$$\beta_{i} = (Y_{imp_{i}} + \alpha) \tag{81}$$

# STRAIGHTENER DESIGN

If the design includes the straighteners only, then  $\epsilon_{p}=0$  and thus,

$$\varepsilon_{s_i} = \frac{\varepsilon_{imp_{tip}}}{x_i} . \tag{82}$$

The solidity is obtained from:4

$$\sigma_{s_i} = \frac{2}{3} \quad (\text{for } \varepsilon_{s_i} \leq 0.5) , \qquad (83a)$$

or

$$\sigma_{s_{i}} = \frac{2 \epsilon_{s_{i}} \sin \gamma_{s_{i}}}{(2.18 - 1.43 \epsilon_{s_{i}})} \quad (\text{for } \epsilon_{s_{i}} > 0.5) . \tag{83b}$$

The camper angle of the blade is determined from:4

$$\theta_{s_i} = \frac{\delta_{s_i}}{1 - 0.26 \sqrt{\frac{1}{\sigma_{s_i}}}} , \qquad (84)$$

where

$$\delta_{S_{\dot{1}}} = \tan^{-1} (\epsilon_{S_{\dot{1}}})$$
 (85)

The straightener blade chord is

$$c_{s_i} = \frac{m_i \sigma_{s_i}}{N_s} , \qquad (86)$$

where  $N_s$  is the number of straightener blades as defined in equation (75). As before, the values of  $c_s$  and/or  $\theta_s$  can be kept constant at their midspan value to facilitate manufacturing. However, new  $\sigma_{s_i}$ ,  $\delta_{s_i}$ , and  $\varepsilon_{s_i}$  values must be determined from equations (86), (84), and (85), respectively.

#### OFF-DESIGN PERFORMANCE PREDICTION

The off-design performance details the pressure-flow characteristics of the fan at a given speed for other than the design flow condition. The basic assumption of the off-design theory is that conditions at the midspan of the blades are representative of the fan as a whole. Depending on the solidity values calculated earlier, it will be known whether isolated or cascade airfoil data should be used. The data required from the selected blade characteristic are the angle of attack (a) and the corresponding lift coefficient ( $C_L$ ), and lift-to-drag ratio ( $C_L/C_D$ ). Several angles of attack on both sides of the design point should be selected to describe fully the fan characteristic curve.

The angle between the mean relative velocity to the impeller and the plane of rotation ( $\gamma_{imp}$ ) is defined by:

$$\gamma_{imp} = (\beta_m - \alpha) . (37)$$

The angle is then used to calculate the swirl coefficients,4

$$(\epsilon_{s} + \epsilon_{p}) = \frac{c_{L} \sigma_{imp}}{2 \sin \gamma_{imp}} \left[ 1 + \frac{\cot \gamma_{imp}}{(c_{L}/c_{D})} \right].$$
 (88)

The value of  $\varepsilon_s$  or  $\varepsilon_p$  is obtained from the detailed design section for the midspan of the straightener or prerotator, depending on which is used. If straighteners are used, the value of  $\varepsilon_p$  is assumed to equal zero which means no preswirl is occurring prior to the impeller, which greatly simplifies the math involved without significantly affecting the results. However, if prerotators are used,  $\varepsilon_s$  can be nonzero due to the swirl component coming off the impeller blades at off-design flows. This can easily be determined since  $\varepsilon_p$  would already be known. Thus, the flow coefficient can now be calculated at midspan from, 4

$$\emptyset_{m} = \frac{\tan \gamma_{imp}}{\left[1 + 0.5* (\varepsilon_{s} - \varepsilon_{p}) \tan \gamma_{imp}\right]}$$
 (89)

The theoretical pressure coefficient will be,

$$\Psi_{\text{th}} = \frac{2 \left(\varepsilon_{\text{s}} + \varepsilon_{\text{p}}\right)}{\emptyset_{\text{m}}} \cdot \frac{V_{\text{ax}}^2}{2 V_{\text{tip}}^2 \eta_{\text{T}}}.$$
 (90)

The fan system total efficiency can now be expressed by, 5

$$\eta_{\mathrm{T}} = 0.98 - \frac{\emptyset_{\mathrm{m}}}{\sin^{2} \gamma_{\mathrm{imp}}} \left[ \frac{1}{\left(\frac{C_{\mathrm{L}}}{C_{\mathrm{D}}}\right) + \cot \gamma_{\mathrm{imp}}} + \frac{1}{\frac{55.5}{C_{\mathrm{L}}} + \cot \gamma_{\mathrm{imp}}} \right]$$

$$-\frac{\Psi_{p}}{\Psi_{th}}\left(\text{or }\frac{\Psi_{s}}{\Psi_{th}}\right),\qquad(91)$$

where

$$\frac{\Psi_{p}}{\Psi_{th}} = \text{prerotator loss} = \frac{\emptyset_{m}}{\sin^{2} Y_{p}} \left( \frac{\varepsilon_{p}}{\varepsilon_{p} + \varepsilon_{s}} \right) \cdot \frac{C_{D}}{C_{L}}$$
(92a)

or

$$\frac{\Psi_{\rm S}}{\Psi_{\rm th}} = {\rm straightener\ loss} = \frac{\emptyset_{\rm m}}{\sin^2 Y_{\rm S}} \cdot \frac{C_{\rm D}}{C_{\rm L}}$$
 (92b)

The flow through the fan is calculated by,

$$Q = \frac{\pi \, D_{\text{tip}^2}}{4} \, (1 - X_{\text{H}^2}) \, V_{\text{tip}} \, X_{\text{m}} \, \emptyset_{\text{m}} . \qquad (93)$$

The total pressure of the fan is,

$$P_{T} = \frac{\rho}{g_{C}} V_{tip}^{2} V_{th} . \qquad (94)$$

The horsepower required to operate the fan is

$$hp = \frac{P_T * Q}{55C * \eta_T} . \qquad (95)$$

## COMPARISON OF PREDICTED RESULTS

Several sample calculations were performed with the axial fan characteristic program that has just been summarized. The base preliminary design data were:

$$D_{tip} = 4.5 ft$$

$$D_{hub} = 2.25 ft$$

$$V_{tip} = 400 \text{ ft/sec}$$

$$PT_{des} = 36.0 lb/ft^2$$

$$Q_{des} = 1250 \text{ ft}^3/\text{sec.}$$

For the above data, the fan characteristics were predicted for the case with prerotators and with straighteners, as shown in figure 11. The figure shows that with prerotators, a flatter characteristic curve is obtained which is desirable for SEVs. However, its peak efficiency is lower that for the case with straighteners. These data were determined from the characteristics of a RAF 6E blade section such as shown in figure 12.

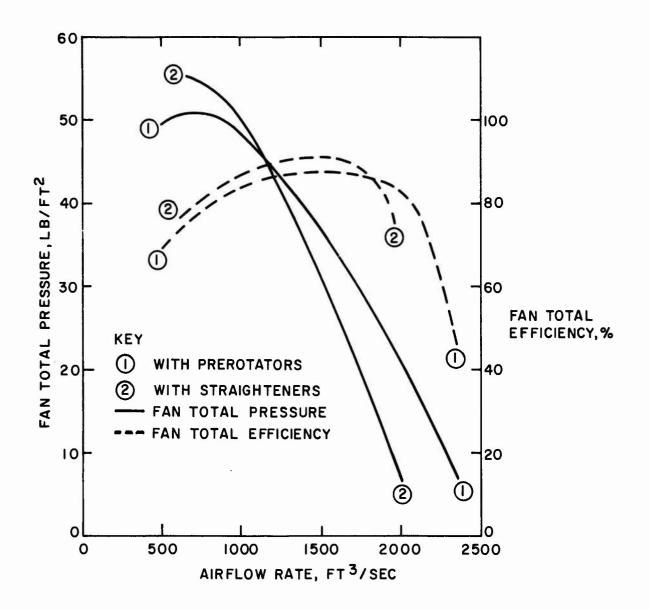


Figure 11 Comparison of Similar Fan Designs with Prerotators and with Straighteners

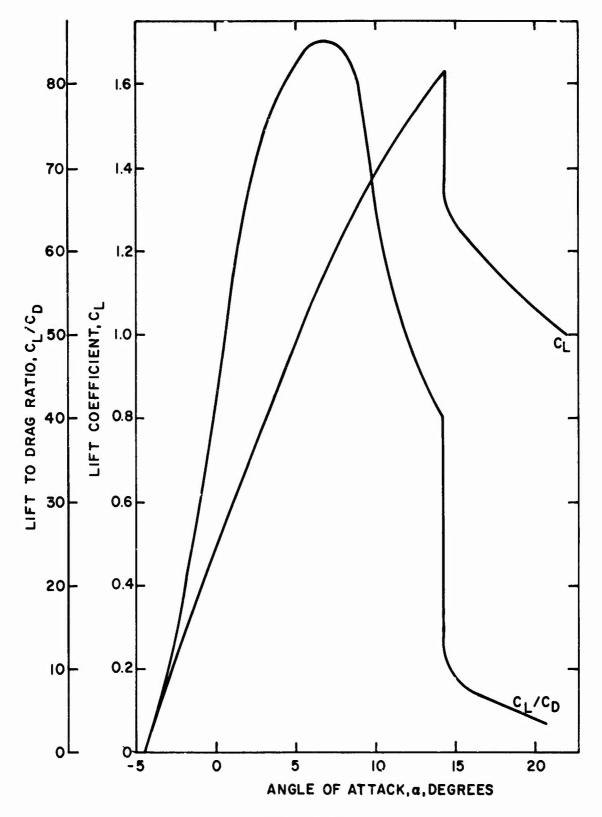


Figure 12 Characteristics of RAF 6E Section

To determine the effect of blade characteristics on the resultant pressure-flow characteristics, a NACA blade profile whose data are shown in figure 13 was used for the same base preliminary design data as the RAF 6E section. Items (a) and (b) of figure 14 show the comparative results for the two blade profiles with prerotators and with straighteners, respectively. The difference between the predicted results for the two blade profiles is significant. The NACA 65 series profile provides the flatter, more desirable pressure-flow characteristic for SEV use. However, its peak efficiency is slightly lower.

In the selection of the most suitable airfoil section for the impeller, three main properties of the section are important to examine.

- ullet C<sub>L</sub> The lift coefficient determines both the solidity of the impeller and the slope of the pressure-flow characteristic. High values of C<sub>L</sub> are advantageous in providing both low solidity and low slope.
- $\bullet$  C<sub>L</sub>/C<sub>D</sub> The lift-to-drag ratio tends to give high efficiencies for high values of the ratio.
- $\bullet$   $\alpha_{st}$   $C_O$  The difference in angle of attack between stall and zero lift tend to yield increased operating range and reduced characteristic slope at high values of the difference.

The effects of fan diameter on the fan characteristics are shown in items (a) and (b) of figure 15 for an axial fan with prerotators and with straighteners, respectively. Increasing the tip diameter (or decreasing the hub-to-tip ratio) will decrease the slope of the fan characteristic and also lower peak fan total efficiency. The figures also include an estimate of how the basic axial fan weight will vary for the change in variables compared to the base fan design of curve 2. The axial fan weight rational was obtained from reference 1.

## LIMITATIONS OF THE AXIAL FAN PREDICTION PROGRAM

In the axial fan prediction program, the number of impeller blades does not affect the fan performance other than to increase or decrease chord length. This is not absolutely true and experience must be relied on not to choose too many or too few blades. This program is intended to be used in the range of incompressible flow for an axial fan having either straighteners or prerotators, but not both.

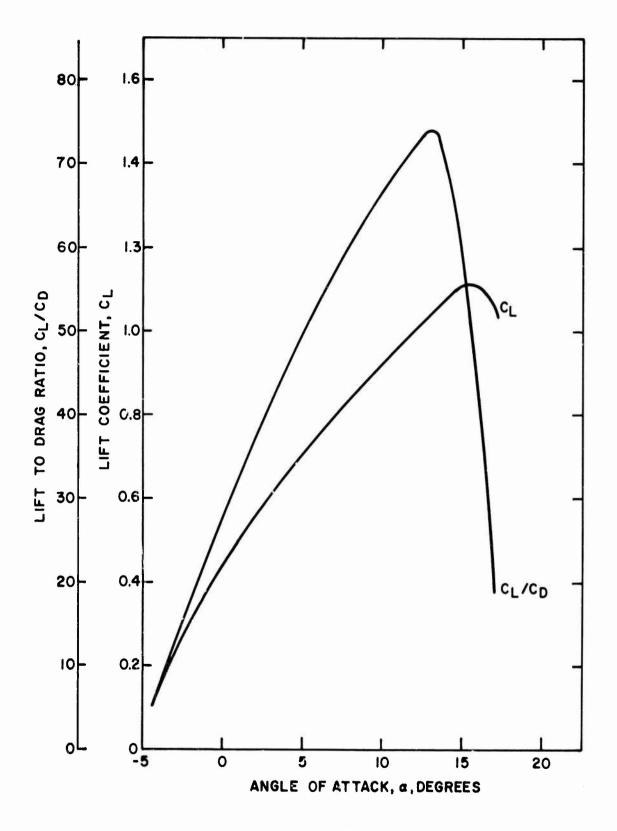
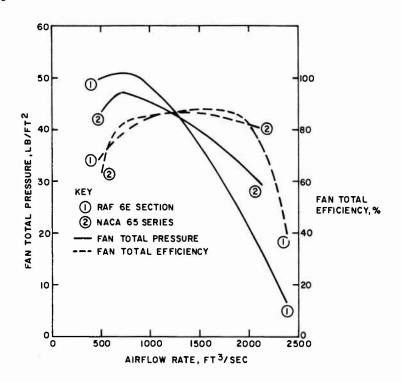


Figure 13 Characteristics of NACA 65-(12)10 Section

Item (a)
Comparison of Two Blade Profiles with Prerotators



Item (b)
Comparison of Two Blade Profiles with Straighteners

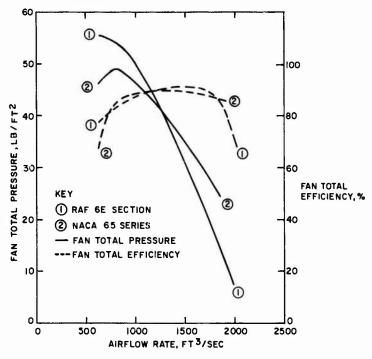
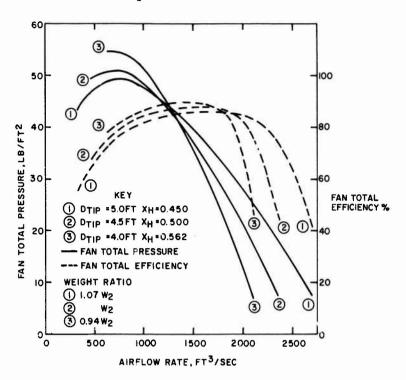


Figure 14
Effects of Blade Profile on Axial Fan Performance

Item (a)
Effects of Tip Diameter and Prerotators



Item (b)
Effects of Tip Diameter and Straighteners

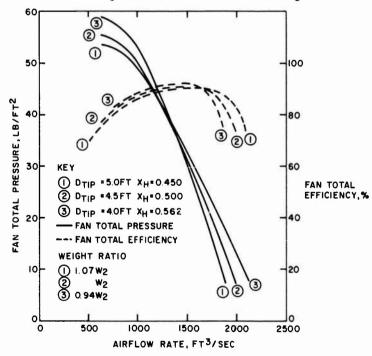


Figure 15
Effects of Tip Diameter on Axial Fan Performance

The axial fan prediction program was not compared directly with experimental data due to the lack of suitable data for comparison. Suitable experimental data require knowing what blade profile section was used, a fact which is not included in any obtainable experimental data to date. Shipway<sup>5</sup> claims success in applying a very similar design method to an actual fan design.

#### CONCLUSIONS

The fan characteristic programs provide a relatively uncomplicated means of predicting centrifugal and axial fan performance. With these programs, such things as the effects of design changes on the performance and efficiency can be evaluated. On the basis of using these programs, the following general conclusions were drawn:

- Any modification to a fan which results in a flatter fan characteristic slope also tends to cause some reduction in peak fan-system efficiency.
- A significantly flatter fan characteristic slope for a centrifugal fan with backwardly curved blades can be obtained by allowing the fan inside diameter to approach the outside fan diameter, thus resulting in a narrower fan blade.
- An axial fan with straightener vanes is more efficient than a similar fan with prerotator vanes. However, an axial fan with prerotator vanes has a flatter fan characteristic slope than a similar fan with straightener vanes.
- The selection of the axial fan blade profile or blade characteristics can have a significant effect on the resulting fan characteristic slope.
- Decreasing axial fan hub-to-tip ratio or increasing tip diameter will cause a much flatter fan characteristic slope for similar conditions.

## **RECOMMENDATIONS**

• The prediction programs should be compared against any suitable experimental data that can be obtained in order to evaluate the programs more completely and to understand the selection of suitable design variables for various cases.

- The effects of various parameters and combinations the reof on the fan characteristic slope require more study.
- The effect of the number of fan blades on the performance of the fans should be evaluated separately in the programs. The may perhaps be done best by expressing it as a frictional ope of loss.

## TECHNICAL REFERENCES

- 1 Purnell, J. G., "Evaluation of Potential Fan Concepts and the Lift Fan Requirements for Large SEV's," NSRDC/A Rept 27-182 (Aug 1972)
- 2 Osborne, W. C., Fans, London, England, Pergamon Press (1966)
- 3 Shipway, J. C., "Estimation of Head-Flow Curves for Centrifugal Fans," National Physical Lab rept (Oct 1968)
- 4 Wallis, R. A., Axial Flow Fans, London, England, Academic Press (1961)
- 5 Shipway, J. C., "Aerodynamic Design of Axial Lift Fans," National Physical Lab rept (July 1968)
- 6 Shepherd, D. G., Principles of Turbomachinery, New York, The MacMillan Co. (1956)
- 7 Wislicenus, G. F., Fluid Mechanics of Turbomachinery, New York, McGraw-Hill Book Co. (1947)
- 8 Galvas, M. R., "Analytical Correlation of Centrifugal Compressor Design Geometry for Maximum Efficiency with Specific Speed," NASA TN-D-6729 (Mar 1972)
- 9 Csaky, T. G., "A Synthesis of Fan Design for Air Cushion Vehicles," NSRDC Rept 3599 (Oct 1972)
- 10 Stodola, A., Steam and Gas Turbines, New York, McGraw-Hill Book Co. (1927)
- 11 Brotherhood, P., "Development of Improved Fans for the Britten Norman CC2-001 Cushion Craft," Royal Aircraft Establishment Tech Rept 66271 (Aug 1966)
- 12 Shank, S. R., and J. S. Houston, "10-Ton SEV Obstacle Crossing Data Related to Cushion System Dynamics," NSRDC/A Rept 27-229 (Aug 1972)
- 13 Csanady, G. T., Theory of Turbomachines, New York, McGraw-Hill Book Co. (1964)
- 14 Emery, J. C., et al, "Systematic Two-Dimensional Cascade Tests of NACA 65-Series Compressor Blades at Low Speeds," NASA Rept TR-1368 (1958)
- 15 Stricker, J. G., and S. R. Shank, "Development of Noise--Optimized, Mixed-Flow Pumps for Main Sea-Water and Proposed Hovering Systems," NSRDC/A Rept C183 (Aug 1969)
- 16 Fan Engineering, 5th edition, Buffalo, New York, Buffalo Forge Co. (1966)

# APPENDIX A

CENTRIFUGAL FAN CHARACTERISTIC PREDICTION PROGRAM

```
PAGE
CDS 6600 FTN V3.6-F300 CPT=0 06/20/73 15.32.58.
                                                                             LE TYD SOFES - FPS

E1 = INSTER CIANTER - FT. (INDUT IN INCHES)

E7 = OUTSICE CIANGIZE - FT. (INDUT IN INCHES)

E1 = INSTER PLACE PEICHT - FT. (INDUT IN INCHES)

E2 = OUTSICE PLACE PEICHT - FT. (INFUT IN INCHES)

E3 = OUTSICE PLACE ANGLE - PERFES

E = UCLUTE CLICT PREA - FT**2 (INDUT IN SCUARE INCHES)
                                                      ESTIMATION OF PERSENT-FLOW CUPVES FOR CENTRIFUGAL FANS
                           PROGRAM CENTEAN (INFIT, CLIPUT, TAFE1=INPLT, TAPE3=CLTPLT)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          ACAUNTEGEM STROKERS VELOCITY LCSS (SINUSOIDAL)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                            U2, C1, F2, G1, F2, Z, A1, A2, E
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     02" = (F*0/".-1.)*P*19*9/AP! (C2*TAN (A2))
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           L2 = U2*7.1416*[2/6".
kr[rr(3,913) L2,51,91,A1,92,82,62,5
E = 3.1416
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            F1 = 1. + FFC2/(FFF2*TAN (02))
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    cillic LING - ICFAL Porcelle
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               ICOAY = DES(U2*C2*I DN(A2))
ICCTEC = TOWAX/25.
CC 611 IC = 1,ICMAX,ICS1CP
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     SINDA BING AND INCOENCES
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               ((28) 48 1 2 - 5/ (CS+1 6) (25))
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  510 = 12*0*0\12 = 1277
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             COD = 017**** (82)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         IF (U2) 15,15°0,1F
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         1 P 0 F = 5/(50 + 50 + L2)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              A2 = A2*0.1745
A2 = A2*0.1745
Ef = C1/C2
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               F = F.75/32.7
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      SESSOT DAIGNIL
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             F1 = c+12*VU2
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               F1 = 1112.0
92 = 92/12.0
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    C1 = p#c1#D1
C2 = p#c2#C2
 TOBEL
 CFATFAR
                                          000
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      ( ( (
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          ...
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             . . .
 ~ 45023 s d
                                                                                                                                                       -
                                                                                                                                                                                                                             Ľ
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 6
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            -
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  3
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        ں
ج
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            4
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                5
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       n
S
```

Antonio alla su a

```
PAGE
COG (630 FTM V3.0-F308 CPT=0 06/20/73 15-32-58.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     7FC PG = PK*F7/2,* (4,*G/ (D*C1*C1) - ((G/C1)**2*(U2*P9-G-G*S/C1)**2)**3)**2

SG = [K/2,* (4,/F*F/FF*2-((F2*F/(E3*QO*F*R2)**2*(1,*S*S)-2,*F2*F*S)

1/(D*FF*R3)***6)***6)***6)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     PLANG INLOT LOSSES (EXPANSION OF CONTRACTION LOSS + TURNING LOSS
But to pot-swigt)
                                                                                                                    FC = C.775+3+6+0+(1./(f1*SI+(A1))-1./(f2*SIH(f2)))+*?
C7 = f.37f*(F+22/(F+R2))+*2*(1./(f6+R8*SIN(A1))-1./SIh(A2))**?
                              CPB = (F*F/8.-1.)*F*CP/AEC((*P2*TAN(A2))
                                                                                                                                                                                                          FG = DKHE/5" + (6"/E=/[5/("C+[1])++5)++5
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   V1 = ((5/C1)**2 + (L2*RC-G/C1)**2)***5
IF(Y-Y1) 313.210.340
710 S = Ton (45.*C.31745)
Gr TC Zer
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  IF(E)415,440,410
C1 = .6*FPC1*C1*C.005*(2.*T/P)**.F
F1 = .0023;*PC*qF*F*(2.*T1)**.5
                                                                                                                                                               INTEL PESSES (EXENNATOR + TLANING)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   VUCP = VL2 - EVL2
VPP = (VL2P**? + (G/f2) **?) **.5
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      OUTLET LUSSES (EXPANSION LOSS)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         1F(1) 620,420,400
400 11 = 51 - 52 - 54 - 55
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            T = F1 - P2 - F3 - F4 - F5
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             60 TC 475
F6 ± .2*F*( V2F = 93/E) **?
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                X = 4.*C/(D*C1*C1)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          If (0) 435,421,475

C = C1
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   435 IF(7) 450,450,465
                                           72 = F2A + D2C
                                                                                       IMPELLEG LOSS
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      LEAKAGE LCSS
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               FAN PEESCUPE
 CFRIFFR 16BCF
                                                                                                                                                                                             AV # 7.28
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                G2 = C+C1
F7 = F-F1
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        GC TC 185
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  PK = 0.7
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                SF = 0.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          c.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  410
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          024
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              465
                                                                           000
                                                                                                                                                  000
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         occo
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 CCC
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         000
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          000
  POCTGAR
                                                                                        ŗ
                                                                                                                                                                 5
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 2
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   9.5
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     135
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               110
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         4
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          ري
د ر
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    35
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            <u>ا</u>
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             101
```

**⊘**i

```
CPS FF80 FTN V3.1-63CA OPT=C 86/21/73 15.32.58.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          POD FFOWAT(GER.2)
910 FFOWAT(141/7774,1141IP SERET =,FG.2,94 FEET/SG3//5%,224INSIDE : D
910 FFOWAT(141,7774,1141IP SERET =,FG.2,94 FEET 9LADE
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     WEITE(7,975) E1, D20, D2E, F7, F4, F5, F6, P7
WEITE(7,977) S1, S2A, S2E, S7, S4, S5, S6, S7
LOTTE(7,99A)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  MFITE(3,977) 5, 52, T, CE1, PR, FS, EP2

MPIT (5,772) F, F2, T1, FS1, SR, SS, SS

610 CNTINUS

620 WFITE(3,647) IGMAX

6C TO 1
                                                                                                                                                                                                                         IF(") 429,4483,4485
PF = .649*((C/C2)**2 + VL2F**2)
SP = ((C/(C2*L2))**2+(VL2P/I2)**7)
                                                                                                                                                                                           VELOCITY PPECSIEF AT FAN OUTLET
                             2** ((20*1)/20-11/42/)*5 = 45
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                EFFICIENCY (TOTAL & STATIC)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 SF = ((C-1)/(5*U2))**2**n
PS = 1 - P3
SS = 11 - SA
                                                           LIVAKAC FEESSURF FROF LOSS
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         60 TC 49r
48F FP = .5*c*((C-71)/E)**?
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   495 G2 = (0-21) \cdot 

503 EP1 = 1\(e1-e2) *c2

503 EP1 = 1\(e1-e2) *c2

503 EP1 = 1\(e1-e2) *c2

504 (21-e2) *c2
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            402 3F (9-C1) 402, 402, 405
402 GZ = C.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                4+2 PS = T
                                                                                                                                                 T = T = 67
                                                                                                    1 = 1 - P6
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             (Jub 62) BIEISM
  CERTERA
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         0 6 7
                                                                                         217
                                              000
                                                                                                                                                                               000
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    000
  ₩4573 46
                                                                                        115
                                                                                                                                                                 120
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         125
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                139
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         135
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 140
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           145
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           155
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   160
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            1 5 5
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   157
```

A-3

```
CHC 6630 FTN V3.0-P309 OPT=C 36/20/73 15.32.58.
                                                                                                                                                                      901 FCGVAT (//13x,2he1,13x,3he2A,12x,2hP39,12x,2hP3,13x,2hF4,13x,2hF5,
113x,2hF6,13x,2hF7)
050 FCPWAT (/11x,2h G,15x,4hG-C1,0x,7HF-TOIAL,9x,0HTGTAL EFF,7x,8HVEL P
1053,9x,9HSTAT 0PET,7x,9HSTAT EFF/)
070 FCPWAT(6x,9FIE.5)
080 FCPWAT(//11x,17hG-MAX 7CFAL =,110)
1030 STOP
                                                                   2 FNGLS =, F9.2,944 FFCPFFS//FY,7HCLTSJOS,13X,F9.2,24X,F9.2,23X,F9.2/
3/25X,184NUMPSF CF PLANES =,F10.0//25X,1340UTLFT APEA =,F13.2,64 FT
  TEACE
  SENTERN
     PRCGRAM
```

	TIP SPEED	- 233.00 FEET/SEC	/SEC				
INSIDE : DIAMETER =	3.46 FEET	BLADE HEIGHT	= 1.62	FEET BLADE ANGLE	H.	25.00 DEGREES	
0UTS10E	2.00		1.18		20.00		
	NUMBER OF BLADES	.S ≈ 12.					
	OUTLET AREA =	21.00 FT##2					
P 1	P2A	P28	P3	<b>4</b>	45	96	1 d
125.72328	25.35597	0.16972	0.00063	0.000491	19.92644	15.93469	6.94773
•	0-01	P-TOTAL	TOTAL EFF	VEL PRES	STAT PRES	STAT EFF	
29.52888 0.00684	0°0	57.38318 0.90760	00	0.00000	57.38318 0.90760	00.0	
1 4	P 2 A	P28	P3	5 d	P 5	94	ь,
121.49778	25.35597 0.40105	1.17828	0.03031	0.23671 0.00374	13.38191	13,30314	7.33551
o	0-01	P-TOTAL	TOTAL EFF	VEL PRES	STAT PRES	STAT EFF	
205.00000 0.04750	175.23122	60.58592 0.95826	0.54586 0.54586	0.08109	60.50482 0.95698	0.54513	
P1	PZA	P28	P3	b 4	P 5	9 4	L d
116.36606	25.35597 0.40105	2.35656 0.03727	0.12123	0.94685	7.53466	10.62668 0.16868	7.49780
o	10-0	P-TOTAL	TOTAL EFF	VEL PRES	STAT PRES	STAT EFF	
410.03000 0.09500	396.44702 0.08815	61.92630 0.97946	0.64817	0,38223 0,006/3	61.54407	0.64417	
1 e	PZA	P28	P3	4 d	5 4	94	74
1111.32434	25.15597	3.53483 0.05591	0.27276	2.13641	3.49242	8.35720 0.13218	7.36351
•	10-0	P-TOTAL	TOTAL EFF	VEL PRES	STAT PRES	STAT EFF	
615.00000 0.14250	586.10278 0.13591	60.81720 C.96192	0.70311 0.70311	0.90716	59.91003 0.94757	0.69262 0.69262	
PI	PZA	Р2В	P3	<b>7</b> d	6 6	9 0	7 4
156.28262 1.68103	25.35597	4.71311	0.48490	3.78741	1.07686	6.46737	6.95487

		44	6.29914 C.09963			74	5.27413			79	4.43893			7.4	3.47015			7.4	2.37743			7.4	1.16944
STAT EFF	0.70713	96	4.92498	STAT EFF	0.68758	9 6	3.69211	STAT EFF	0.61069	9 b	[.73293 0.04323	STAT EFF	0.53707	9 4	2.09235 0.03167	STAT EFF	0.41822	96	1.45841	STAT EFF	0.23736	9 <b>6</b>	1.06123
STAT PRES	55.78479	P 5	0.06761	STAT PRES	49.39218 0.78121	P 5	1.63417	STAT PRES	39.71912 0.62822	P 5	0.63537	STAT PRES	31,38879 0,49646	P 5	0.11088 C.00175	STAT PRES	21.72437 0.34360	P 5	0.01334 0.00021	STAT PRES	10.80168 0.17084	2	0.30227 0.00478
VEL PRES	1.65729	7 d	5.91782	VEL PRES	2.63411	9 d	8.52166	VEL PRES	3.84127 0.06076	5 d	11.59893	VEL PRES	5.27353 0.08341	9 d	15.14962	VEL PRES	6.93654 0.10971	P4	19.17374	VEL PRES	8.83411 0.13973	<b>b</b> 4	23.67126
TOTAL EFF	0.72814 C.72814	P3	C.75766	TOTAL EFF	0.72425	P3	1.09103	TOTAL EFF	0.66975	P3	1.48501	TOTAL EFF	0.62730	63	1.93960	TOTAL EFF	0.55176	63	2.45481	TOTAL EFF	0.43148	P3	3.03063
P-TOTAL	57.44209 0.90854	P28	5.89139 0.09318	P-TOTAL	52.02629 0.82288	P28	7.06967	P-TOTAL	43.56039 0.68898	P28	8.24795	P-TOTAL	36.66232	P28	9.42622	P-TOTAL	28.66090	P28	10.63450	P-TOTAL	19.63579	P28	11.78278
0-01	792.19434 0.18356	PZA	25.35597	0-01	998.73047 U.23142	PZA	25.35597	0-01	1206.06079	P2A	25.35597	0-01	1413.13110	PZA	25.35597	0-01	1620.70215	PZA	25.35597	0-01	1828.99731	P 2 A	25.35597 0.40105
•	820.00000 0.19000	P 1	101.24089	σ	1025.00000	10	96.19917	a	1230.00000 0.28501	P 1	91.15744	o	1435.00200		86.11572 1.36206	o	1640.00000 C.38CC1	2	81.07461	Œ	1845.30000	P1	76.03229 1.20257

# APPENDIX B

AXIAL LIFT FAN CHARACTERISTIC PREDICTION PROGRAM

```
PAGE
CDC 6600 FTN V3.0-P308 OPT=0 06/26/73 16.04.37.
                                                                                                                                                                                                    DIMENSION HP(8), HT1(8), K1(8), CLAM(8), KTH1(8), NT1(8), SD(7), X(7), LAM(7), EP(8), LL2(7), SC(7), THET(7), NC(7), BETA(8), ES(8), PHIR(8), CLSIG(7), SIG(7), C(7), B(8), DIFF(8), ARG(8), TA(8), SI(8), ALPHA(8), GAMMA(8), CLI(8), CO(8),
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             RFAL KRP,KRÅ,KSPTH,KD,LÅP,NC,N,NT,LAMB,KCTH,LAMBAR,NR,KTH,NT1,
KTH1,K1,NT2,ND, NBLÅO,KL,KFK,NS
INTEGER CPT1,CFT2
                                    PROGRAM AXALFAN (INPUT, CLTPLT, TAPE1=INPUT, TAPE3=OUTPUT)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                VIIP = FI*C*N/60.

PLAM = G/(0*0*VIIP)

LAMB = ELAM/XE

NS = 4.*VIIP*VIIF/(FI*V*V*NT*(1.-XB*XB))*KTH*LAMB

NS = N*PII/30.*C**.5/(G*HI/RHO)**.75

NS = C*(G*HI/PHO)**.25/0**.5

HPITE(3,1602)NS,CS
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      333 REAO(1,1020) HT,0,0,0B,VAR,NBLAU,CPT1,OFT2
IF(HT)334,335,334
334 MRITE(3,1601) HT,0
1020 FCRMAT(6F10.2,211)
1601 FORWAT(111/742,41 = ',F10.2,5x,'0 = ',F10.2)
1602 FORMAT(1/42x,*1 = ',F10.3,4x,*0S = ',F10.3)
OPT1 = 1 : PRERCTATCR
OPT1 = 2 . STRAIGHTENER
                                                                          AFRODYNAMIC DESIGN OF AXIAL LIFT FANS
                                                                                                            PROGRAM WRITTEN FOR JOHN PUFNELL
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                IF (NBLAC) 341,346,341

NBLAO = 6.*XB/(1.-XB) + 2.

V = 0/(PI*0*E*(1.- XB*XB)/4.)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  OPT2 = 1 # VAR = N
OPT2 = 2 # VAR = VTIP
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        NT = .8
OUT = RHO/G*VTIP*VTIP
KTH = HT/OUT
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         GO TO (51,52), OPT2
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       VIIP = VAR
N = VIIP*60./(PI*0)
GC TC 60
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    KL (8)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         PI = 3.1415927
G = 32.174
                                                                                                                                               JUDY HOUSTON
DECEMPER 1971
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 RHO = 0.0767
 TRACE
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   READ INFUT
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 x_{8} = 08/0
 AXALFAN
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              340
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     51
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            25
                                                       00000000
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 0000
 PRCGRAM
                                                                                                              r
                                                                                                                                                                                                        10
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   15
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        5
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     35
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 40
```

```
1600 PHIL = (4.*LaP@AR/(FI*(1.-XE*XB)-2.*EB*LAMBAR)
1501 GAMMER
1502 GAMMER
1503 GAMMER
1503 GAMMER
1504 GAMMER
1504 GAMMER
1504 GAMMER
1504 GAMMER
1505 GAMMER
1506 GAMMER
1507 GAMMER
15
                        16.04.37.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                PHI = (4.*LAMB /(FI*(1.-XE*XB)-2.*E9*LAMB )
CLSI = 2.*EE*SIN(PHI )
CL = 2.*((1.+((PI*(1.-XE*XF)-4.*E8*LAMB )/(4.*LAMB ))**2)/(1.+(
1PI*(1.-XE*XB)/(4.*LAMB ))**2))**1.375
                                                                                                                                                                                                                        ))**2)/(1.+((FI*(1.-XE*XB)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 FORMAT ( //62x, TABLE 1'//)
WPITE(3,101) C,CB,N,XB,V,OLT,KTH,VTIP,ELAM,LAMB,EB,CLSI ,CL,
SIG1,XCAR,LAMBAR,EEAK,GAMKR,KRP,KRA,NR
                36/26/73
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        KSPTH = CCP*GAHKKT/(3.*EEAR*SIN(PLIPS))*4./(PI*(1.-xB*XB))
GO TO 82
PHIPS = ATAN(2./EBAR)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    KSPTH = CDS*GAMKKT/(3.*EEAR*SIN(PFIPS))*4./(PI*(1.-XB*XR))
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               KD = (1. - NO) + (XB + XB + (2. - XB + XB)) + NT + V + V / (2. + VTIP + VTIP)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 FHIPS = ATAN(2./EBAR)
GMKKT=LAMBAR/(SIN(FHIPS)*SIN(PHIFS))
IF(EFAR.LT.*5) GG TC 91
KSPTH = CCS*GAMKKT/(2.18-1.43*EBAR)*4./(PI*(1.-XB*XB))
GG TC 82
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   70 SIG1= CLSI /CL
XEAR = (1. + XE)/2.
LAMBAR = BLAP/XBAR
EGAR = 4.*VIIF*VIIP/(PI*V*NI*(1.-X8*XE))*KIH*LAMBAR
            CDC 6600 PTN V3.0-P368 OPT=6
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  GD TC (1500,1600), OPT1
PHIL = (4.*LAMBAR/(PI*(1.-XE*XB)+2.*EB*LAMBAR)
GC TO 1501
                                                                          GO TC (61,62), OFT1

61 PHI = (4.*LAMB /(FI*(1.-XB^XB)+2.*E9*LAMB

CLSI = 2.*E9*'SIN(PHI)

CL = 2.*((1.+ (FI*(1.-XE*XE)/(4.*LAMB ))**

1+4.*E8*LAMB )/(4.*LAMB ))**2))**2,375

GO TO TO

62 PHI = (4.*LAMB /(FI*(1.-XE*XB)-2.*E9*LAMB
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         KDTH = KO/KTH
NT2 = NR - KOTH
NT = NT2
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      KTH = KTH*.8/NT
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            DUTPUT - TABLE
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       WFITE (3,1000)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  8. = ON
AXALFEN
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       22
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    91
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        1500
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               1600
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             1501
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                81
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      ပပပ
PPCGRAM
```

69

7.0

15

90

35

9.0

95

100

105

```
COC 6600 FIN V3.0-P308 OPT=0 06/26/73 16.04.37.
                   = ',F5.2/ 45x,'2 OB BOSS DIA (
= ',F5.0/ 45x,'4 XB
= ',F5.1/45x,
Ex.'7 KTH = ',F5.1/45x,
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               HFITE(3,1006)

1006 FORMAT('/62x,'TABLE 2a'//48x,'1',9x,'2',9x,'3',9x,'4',9x,'5',9x,

1 '6',9x,'7')

HFITE(3,1007) (SC(1);1=1,7), (X(1),1=1,7), (LAM(I), I = 1,7),

2 (THET(1),1=1,7), (hC(1), I = 1,7)

1007 FORMAT(/19x,'1 C (STATICh DIA - FT)',5x,7(F5.2,5x)/ 19x,'2 x',24x,

1 7(F5.2,5x)/ 19x,'3 LAMBCA',19x, 7(F5.3,5x)/ 19x,'4 EP',23x,
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       = ",F5.3/ 45X, 25 KOZKTH
= ",F5.3//)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       133 LAM(1) = 8LAM/X(1)

X(1) = $O(1)/C

133 LAM(1) = BLAM/X(1)

GO TO(121,132), GPT1

131 OO 138 I = 1,7

EP(I) = 4,*VIIP*VIP(PI*V*V*NI*(1,-X3*XB))*KTH*LAM(I)

ALZ(1) = ATAN(EP(I)) * 57.2'',7795

IF(EP(I).1'-7) GO TO 134

PHI = ATAN(2./EP(I))

CL = 2.

SC(I) = CL/(2.*EP(I)*SIN(PHI))

GO TO 135

134 SC(I) = 1.5

135 NC(I) = PI*SO(I)/SC(I)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              = ",FE.3/45X, "23 KS/KTH
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       TABLE 2A - PREPCTATOR DESIGN
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              00 137 I = 1,5
SO(141) = 08 + ((0-08)/6.)*I
SC(7) = 0
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              125 WRITE(3,1003) JAMKKT, KSFTH
1003 FCRMAT(45x, 22 GAMMA*KS/KTH
1 = ',F5.3)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        126 WRITE(3,1034) KO,KOTH,NT2
1004 FORMAT(45x,°24 KC
1 = ",F5.3/ 45x,°26 NT
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    CUTPUT - TABLE 2A
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    = ',F5,3)
TRACE
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   SC(1) = 09
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  GC TO 126
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              SC (7)
AXALFAN
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                137
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     121
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        ပ ပ ပ
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      000
PRCGRAM
                                                                                       115
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  160
                                                                                                                                                             120
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       125
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               130
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       135
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                140
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        145
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                150
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        155
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          165
```

M

```
PAGE
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     MRITE(3,1011) (SC(1),1=1,7), (X(1),1=1,7), (LAM(1),1=1,7),

(EP(1),1=1,7), (ES(1),1=1,7), (OIFF(1),1=1,7),

(AGG(1),1=1,7), (TA(1),1=1,7), (PIF(1),1=1,7),

(AIG(1),1=1,7), (CLSIG(1),1=1,7), (SIG(1),1=1,7),

(BETA(1),1=1,7), (C(1),1=1,7), (ALPHA(1),1=1,7),

(BETA(1),1=1,7), (C(1),1=1,7), (C(1),1=1,7), (C(1),1=1,7),

(ALPHA(1),1=1,7), (ALPHA(1),1=1,7), (ALPHA(1),1=1,7),

(ALPHA(1),1=1,7), (ALPHA(1),1=1,7),

(ALPHA(1),1=1,7), (ALPHA(1),1=1,7),

(ALPHA(1),1=1,7), (ALPHA(1),1=1,7),

(ALPHA(1),1=1,7), (ALPHA(1),1=1,7),

(ALPHA(1),1=1,7), (ALPHA(1),1=1,7),

(ALPHA(1),1=1,7), (ALPHA(1),1=1,7),

(ALPHA(1),1=1,7), (ALPHA(1),1=1,7),

(ALPHA(1),1=1,7), (ALPHA(1),1=1,7),

(ALPHA(1),1=1,7), (ALPHA(1),1=1,7),

(ALPHA(1),1=1,7), (ALPHA(1),1=1,7),

(ALPHA(1),1=1,7), (ALPHA(1),1=1,7),

(ALPHA(1),1=1,7), (ALPHA(1),1=1,7),

(ALPHA(1),1=1,7), (ALPHA(1),1=1,7),

(ALPHA(1),1=1,7), (ALPHA(1),1=1,7),

(ALPHA(1),1=1,7), (ALPHA(1),1=1,7),

(ALPHA(1),1=1,7), (ALPHA(1),1=1,7),

(ALPHA(1),1=1,7), (ALPHA(1),1=1,7),

(ALPHA(1),1=1,7), (ALPHA(1),1=1,7),

(ALPHA(1),1=1,7), (ALPHA(1),1=1,7),

(ALPHA(1),1=1,7), (ALPHA(1),1=1,7),

(ALPHA(1),1=1,7), (ALPHA(1),1=1,7),

(ALPHA(1),1=1,7), (ALPHA(1),1=1,7),

(ALPHA(1),
COC E600 FTN V3.0-P308 OPT=0 06/26/73 16.04.37.
                                                                            7(F5.2,5X)/ 19X,"5 ALPHA2",19X, 7(F5.2,5X)/ 19X,"6 S/C",22X, 7(F5.2,5X)/ 19X,"8 N.C.", 21X, 7(F5.2,5X)/ 19X,"8 N.C.", 21X,
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     1010 FCRMAT(//62x, 'TABLE 2R'//48x,'1',5x,'2',9x,'3',9x,'4',9X,'5',9x,
                                                                                                                                                                                                       MPITE(3,1308) NELAO
1008 FORMAT(19x, NUMBER OF BLAGES - STATCR = ",F5.0//)
00 222 I = 1,7
222 ES(I) = EP(I) - 4.*VTIP*VTIF/(PI*V*NT*(1.-X8*XB))*KTH*LAM(I)
GO TO 141
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            ES(K) = 4.*VIIP*VIIP/(PI*V*V*NT*(1.-X8*XB))*KTH*LAM(K)
148 EP(K) = 0.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             REAO(1,109) CL, (ALFHA(I),I=1,7)
FORMAT(EF10.3)
FORMAT(EF10.3)
OI 45 K = 1,7
OIF(K) = ES(K) - EP(K)
APG(K) = (PI*(1,-XB*XB)-2,*CIFF(K)*LAM(K))/4,
IA(K) = LAM(K)/ARG(K)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             PHIR(K) = ATAN (TA(K))
SI(K) = SIN(PHIR(K))
PHIR(K) = PHIR(K)* 57.2957795
CLSIG(K) = 2. * (ES(K)+EF(K))*SI(K)
SIG(K) = CLSIG(K)/CL
NC(K) = PI*SO(K)*SIG(K)
C(K) = NG(K)/(NBLAD-2.)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    TABLE 2C - STRAIGHTENER DESIGN
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     BETA(K) = PHIR(K) + ALPHA(K)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        00 155 J = 1,7
IF(ES(J).LT..5) GO TO 153
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     GO TO (151,152), OPT1
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         CUTPUT - TABLE 29
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     132 50 148 K = 1,7
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              WRITE (3,1019)
           TRACE
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        TABLE 28
       AXALFAN
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               152
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              000
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              ပပပ
           PPCGRAM
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        200
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   210
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              215
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         220
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             170
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            175
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           190
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  185
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              199
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         195
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    235
```

```
PAGE
                     COC E600 FTN V3.6-P308 OPT=6 36/26/73 16.04.37.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       HPITE(3,1013) (ES(I),1=1,7), (SC(I),1=1,7), (AL2(I),1=1,7), (THEI (I),1=1,7), (NC(I),1=1,7), (C(I),1=1,7), (C(I),1=1,7), (C(I),1=1,7), (C(I),1=1,7), (C(I),1=1,7), (C(I),1=1,7), (C(I),1=1,7), (C(I),1=1,7), (C(I),1=1,7), (F5.2,5x), (F5
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             172 KPK = CLAM(L)/( GAMMA(L)*SIN(ATAN(2./ES(L)))**2)
173 NT1(L) = .95 - CLAM(L)/( SI(L)*SI(L))*(1./(GAMMA(L) + CO(L))
1 + 1./(55.5/CL1(L) + CO(L)) - KPK
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             1012 FCRMAT(/E2X,'TABLE 2C'//48X,'1',9X,'2',9X,'3',9X,'4',9X,'5',9X,
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      PEAO(1,1014) (ALFHA(I), I=1,8) , (CL1(I), I=1,8), (GAMMA(I), I=1,8)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              163 DIFF(L) = ES(L) - EP(L)
CLAM(L) = TA(L)/(1.+0.5*CIFF(L)*TB(L))
KTH;(L) = 2.*(CIFF(L))*V*V/(CLAP(L)*2.*VTIP*VTIP*NT)
GO TO (171,172), OPT1
171 KFK = CLAH(L)*EF(L)/(SIN(ATAN(2./EP(L)))**2 * (EP(L)+ES(L))*
                                                                    SC(J) = (2.18 - 1.43*ES(J))/(2.*ES(J)* SIN(ATAN(2./ES(J))))
GO TO 154
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          CO(L) = 1./TAN(PFIR(L))
FHIR(L) = PHIR(L)* 57.2957795
APG(L) = CL1(L)*SIG(4)*(1. + GC(L)/GAMMA(L))/(2.*SI(L))
GO TO (161,162), OPT1
                                                                                                                                                                                                                        154 AL2(J) = ATAN(ES(J))* 57.2957795
THET(J) = AL2(J)/(1. - .26*5QRT(SC(J)))
NC(J) = PI*SO(J)/SC(J)
155 C(J) = NC(J)/ NELAO
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             TABLE 3 - OFF DESIGN CHARACTERISTICS
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        KLIL) = K1(L) + CLAM(L) + CLAM(L)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            PHIR(L) = BETA(L) - ALPHA(L)
PHIR(L) = PHIR(L) + .01745329
SI(L) = SIN(FHIR(L))
TA(L) = TAN(PHIR(L))
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             161 EP(L) = EPC
ES(L) = ARG(L) - EP(L)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  K1(L)= KTH1(L)*N11(L)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           WRITE(3,1008) NBLAO
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  OUTPUT - TABLE 2C
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          1014 FCP4AT(8F10.2)
2014 FC PETA(4)
203 00 204 I = 198
204 RETA(1) = DFT
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          00 204 I = 1,8
RETA(I) = RET
EPC = EP(4)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     FCPMAT (8F10.2)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           WRITE (3, 1012)
                                                                                                                                                                                      SC(J) = 1.5
TRACE
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   GO TO 163
    AXALFAN
                                                                                                                                                                                      153
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        1013
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  162
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  0 0 0
PPCGRAM
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           225
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  532
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   240
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     542
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     255
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       279
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            275
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             230
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      250
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   255
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    260
```

CALL THE PARTY

```
06/26/73 16.04.37.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         1015 FORMAT(/62x, 'TABLE 3'// 48x,'1',9x,'2',9x,'3', 9x,'4',9x, '5', 9x,
1 '6',9x,'7',9x,'8'/)
WRITE(3,1016) (ALPPA(I),I=1,8), (CL1(I),I=1,8), (GAMMA(I),I=1,8),
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             117,8(F5.3,5X)/23X,77 TAN(FHIR)',11X,8(F5.4,5X)/23X,18 ES + EP',12X,8(F5.3,5X)/23X,10 ES + EP',12X,8(F6.3,5X)/23X,10 ES',19X,8(F6.3,5X)/23X,11 ES-EP',14X,8(F6.3,4X)/23X,12 LAMBCA',14X,8(F5.3,5X)/23X,13 KTH', 16X,8(F6.3,4X)/23X,14 NT',18X,8(F5.3,5X)/23X,15 K', 18X,8(F6.3,4X)/23X,16 K*LAMDOA*LAMECA',5X,8(F5.4,5X)/23X,17 FLOW = 0',12X,8(F5.0,5X)/23X,18 HT',18X,8(F5.2,5X)/23X,19 HP',18X,
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             CL',18X,8 (F5.2,5X
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        IT(/23x,'1 ALPHA',15x, 8(F5.2,5x) / 23x, '2 CL',18x,8(F5.2,5) / 23x,'3 GAMA',15x,8(F5.1,5x) / 23x,'4 PHIR',16x,8(F5.2,5x)/23x, '5 SIN(PHIR)',11x,8(F5.4,5x) / 23x,'6 COT(PHIR)',11x,8(F5.3,5x) / 23x,'7 TAN(FHIR)',11x,8(F5.4,5x) / 23x,
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                (PHIR(I), i=1, f), (SI(I), i=1,8), (CO(I), i=1,8), (TA(I), i=1,8), (ARG(I), i=1,8), (EP(I), i=1,8), (ES(I), i=1,8), (CIAH(I), i=1,8), (CIAH(I), i=1,8), (KIHI(I), i=1,8), (NIHI(I), i=1,8), (KI(I), i=1,8), (KI(I), i=1,8), (KI(I), i=1,8), (KI(I), i=1,8), (KI(I), i=1,8), (KI(I), i=1,8), (HP(I), i=1,8), (H
COC 6600 FTN V3.0-P308 OPT=0
                                                                                                                                                                                      B(L) = PI*0*0/4**(1.-X8*XB)*VIIF*X(L)*CLAM(L)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         176 HP(L) = HT1(L) *B(L) /(550.*NT1(L))
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       HT1(L) = RHO/G*VIIP*VIIP*KTF1(L)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              8(F5.1,5X)/)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     CUTPUT - TABLE
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             1016 FCRMAT (/23X,*1
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        WRITE (3,1015)
                                       TRACE
                                       AXALFAN
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 335
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       ပပပ
                                       PPCGRAM
```

285

290

300

305

																									9	4.13	26.0	0.286	0.0	0.483	0.031	0.307	17.07	0.293	0.283	0.283	3.67	9000	72.57
																									ď.	۲.	0.83	31	0	53	0 -	34	6	32	34	34	0:	י טע	24.43
																									4	3.58	0.75	0.349	0.0	0.590	0.897	0.389	21.28	0.363	0.428	0.428	4.54		26.78
1250.00	1.411	1				= 104.8 = 13.09	. (-,	4	0	, 0	_	0	<u> </u>	ى د	, ()		Ç.	C C	, 0	, 0	C	0	0	28	ĸ	3.00	19.0							2.412			5.15	· u	29.82
	* S0	TABLE	(FT)	4		>* > *								•		'KTH	+ KPS)/KTH		X TH					TABLE	2	· c	0.58	.44	<b>c</b> .	٠.	- "	0.541	æ	4	۲.	٦,	• •	• 4	13.93
36.00	4.614		O FAN DIA.	N (R.P.M.)	ХĄ	V .5*RHO/G*V*V	КТН	VTIP		EA TOUR					EBAR	CAMM	(KRP	KRA/KTH		×			2		1	2.25	0.50	0.524	0.0	0.885	768	0.682	34.30	0.563	166.0	200 0	7.05	0.00	39.80
H	d		(	~ m	4	5	^	œ	0 -		12	13	4 .	7	17	- 3	19	23	,,		24	25	25																
Ī	S Z																									0 (STATION DIA - FT)	×	LAMBDA	HP.	2	1 5(FS-FP)#1 AMBDA			(SIN(PHIR)					P SETA

4.50 1.00 00.262 00.262 0.442 0.442 0.278 10.278 10.284 10

					œ	.5	9.	40.	2.2	77	.2176	18	0.0	. 81	.81	0.13	.01	0.78	.61	290	650.		3
	_	0.442 1.50 23.87 35.02 9.42			^	12.50	1.53	47.0	14.28	. 2466	2565	1.4392	0.0	1.439	1.430	0.161	13.382	0.817	10.938	.2847	170.	54.29	6.26
	\$	0.483 1.50 25.77 37.80 8.64 0.665			9	10.00	1.40	0.99	16.78	.2887	3015	1.0905	_	1.090	1.090	0.194	8.423	9.859	7.235	.2729	927.	52.04	102.1
	ĸ	0.531 1.38 27.97 40.29 8.51 0.655			r	5	~	0.9H	19.28	.3301	3498	0.8040	C.	0.804	0.804	0.230	5.244	0.888	4.656	$\sim$	1097.	Æ.	105.5
	4	0.590 1.18 30.54 42.54 8.98			4		6.	83.	1.7	71	3995	82	c.	.58	.53	•	. 25	06.	.93	211	1281.	"	
TASLE 2C	m	0.564 0.98 33.57 45.18 9.55	7 Y		3	.5	. 7	_	v.	J	4511	. (4)	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	_	•	_	92.8
11	2	0.758 0.77 27.18 42.19 10.58	ì	-	c	ن د د	4	43.	6.7	450	1.7%2	228	C	.22	.22	• 35	• 95	90	• 85	110	7	1.0	2
	1	0.885 0.57 41.51 51.59 12.51	13.		-	-2.50	9.22	12.0	24.78	.4890	10000	0.1106	J * Ú	0.111	0.111	0.408	704.0	0.172	0.314	.0522	1946.	96.6	45.7
		1 FS 2 S/C 3 ALPHA1 4 THETA 5 N.C. 6 C	HMAFR OF READES - STATOR			1 ALPHA	ے را	A GAMPA	4 PHIR		2 TANCOURS		9 Ep	In FS	11 ES-EP		13 KTH	14 NT	1.x	15 KELANBUARIAMRUA	17 FLOW = 0	In al	1 о Нр

								ø	4.13 0.92 0.286 0.519 27.43 1.50 99.18
								'n	3.75 0.83 0.814 0.571 1.50 47.45 7.85
c	_								3.38 0.75 0.349 0.634 32.38 1.50 46.26
1250.00	1.411	. <del>.</del> 1	= 4.50 = 2.25 = 1698.		00000		= 0.188 = 0.020 = 0.792 = 0.381 = 0.015 = 0.025	F 2A	3.00 0.67 0.657 0.716 35.51 50.55 6.33
H 🔿	" "	TABLE	-£				I	TABLE 2	
36.00	4.614 1)		D FAN DIA. (FT) DB ROSS DIA (FT) N (R.P.M.) XB		V/VIIP LAMPOAB EB CLSIGMA	GWA AAR MAGA HAR AR MAA*KR/KTH	KKP + KKS)/KT RA/KTH AMWA*KP/KTH P/KTH D)/KTH	^	25 2.643 24 0.549 24 0.815 51 0.815 57 34.20 16 1.32 77 6.23
н	H			· r · r × ×			0010 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60	-	2.25 0.524 0.524 0.0524 1.14 1.16 5.73
ī	SZ					65			
									1 0 (STATION DIA - FT) 2 x 4 (AMOOA 4 FP 5 10 HA 2 6 1/C 7 14FTA 1 N.C.

MINNER OF STAPES - STATOR = 13.

4.50 1.00 0.262 0.476 255.44 1.50 36.34 9.42

		F	TABLE 28					
	L.	~	r	*	'n	¢	2	
(13 - vio Nolidas) o	0	2.63	JG* E	3.38	3.75	6.13	.50	,
<b>&gt;</b>		ċ	ď	7.0	ر. 0	G • C	1.00	
1843.14	53	4.		. 34	.31	σ	2	
3.	3.5	Œ	١,	63	0.57	٠. د	4	
S	-	C.	਼	c.	٠	o.	0	
ピートリ	~	3	٠,	.63	.57	.51	.47	
1 F( FC P) # 1 A 44.34	0.1	٦.	٦.	.11	.09	.01	.06	
( _inu);vi	2170	~	~	3	$\sim$	N	<b>C1</b>	
YIIIa .	•	٠	0	7.4	0.9	4.9	3.8	
SI*(DH x)	~	٠,		.30	.27	٠ د ۲	.23	
マクレーシャ ゴレ つ	~	٧ •	7.	3.3	.31	• 26	. 22	
3 51646	_	٠,	4	٠ بر	. 31	.25	.22	
و بناه	•	•	4.	0.4	3.7	3.4	3.2	
	J	HT.		33	.31	. 2H	.26	
Vrole 5	•	•	Ę,	5.5	5.5	5.5	5.5	
2 3 2 3 2 4	•	1	4	۲.	1.5	0.4	9.3	
		71	A31 = 3					
	-	0	æ	4	ĸ	Q	7	œ
A P P P P		c c	5	C	5	0	.5	5
ے زا	•	7.	-	6	.2	1.4	5	•
A CAVMA	~	٠,	4	*		4	7.	C
	•	0.0	4.0	1.9	5.4	2.9	4.0	•
tailed Ris s	0	( ) ( )	949	80 E	366	224	181	14
	_	Ç.	۲.	.03	.61	.34	14.	. 72
TALE	•	673	.373	324	.276	.230	1 84	• 1 4
	- (	5 3	0 0	174	X 1	60	25.4	5 0
c	15			000		60.		e a
	` -			4		00.0	5.5	
	٠.			7.27	21	- 1 -	13	
12 × TH	С.	70.	32	44.	.12	00.	0.31	5.82
14 51	3	r	18	A a .	9.5	0.80	. 74	9.
3 4	_	. 73	60	1.	.20	96.	.20	.70
	C .	121	173	221	248	265	265	259
	7349	1940	1591.	1294.	1044.	R24.	630	489
	•	ι. (1	. ·	2.5	7.4	9.	9.0	. 5
art of	α	~	12.	14.	90			3

B-10

# APPENDIX C CENTRIFUGAL FAN WEIGHT ESTIMATE

#### NOMENCLATURE

b; - Inside blade height, ft

b<sub>O</sub> - Outside blade height, ft

d<sub>i</sub> - Inside fan diameter, ft

do - Outside fan diameter, ft

d<sub>H</sub> - Hub diameter, ft

h<sub>H</sub> - Hub height, ft

t, - Base plate thickness, ft

t<sub>2</sub> - Upper shroud thickness, ft

t<sub>3</sub> avq - Average blade thickness, ft

W<sub>1</sub> - Base plate weight, lb

W, - Upper shroud weight, lb

W<sub>3</sub> - Blade weight, lb

W4 - Hub weight, lb

 $W_{CF}$  - Centrifugal fan weight, lb

z - Number of blades

 $\beta_i$  - Inlet blade angle, degrees

 $\beta_{O}$  - Outlet blade angle, degrees

Fan material density, lb<sub>m</sub>/ft<sup>3</sup>

l - Base plate

2 - Upper shroud

3 - Fan blades

4 - Hub.

The centrifugal fan weight is composed of four main parts as shown in figure 1-C.

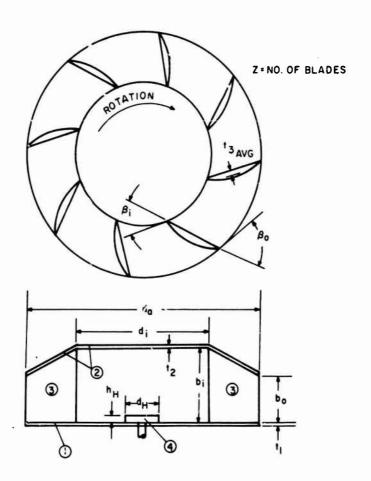


Figure 1-C Centrifugal Fan Basic Geometry

The base plate weight:

$$W_1 = \rho t_1 \frac{\pi d_0^2}{4} . \qquad (1)$$

The upper shroud weight:

$$W_{2} = \pi \rho t_{2} \left( \frac{d_{i} + d_{o}}{4} \right) \left[ \left( \frac{d_{o} - d_{i}}{2} \right)^{2} + (b_{i} - b_{o})^{2} \right]^{1/2} . \tag{2}$$

The blade weight:

$$W_3 = \frac{z\rho t_3}{\cos\left(90^{\circ} - \frac{\beta_1 + \beta_0}{2}\right)} \cdot \left(\frac{d_0 - d_1}{2}\right) \left(\frac{b_0 + b_1}{2}\right). \tag{3}$$

The hub weight:

$$W_4 = \rho h_H \frac{\pi d_H^2}{\mu} . \qquad (4)$$

The basic centrifugal fan weight is obtained by adding equations (1) through (4). Thus,

$$W_{CF} = W_1 + W_2 + W_3 + W_4 . (5)$$

## INITIAL DISTRIBUTION

Copies		Copies	
1	OASN (Cdr J. T. Parker)	1	NASA Hdqtrs
1	ONR (Code 415)	1	U. S. Naval Academy
4	ARPA*		(J. F. Sladky, Jr.)
1	U. S. Marine Corps (RD&S)	2	DDC
1	U. S. Marine Corps Dev. & Ed. Comm.	1	Aerojet General Corp. (Mr. Shenfil)
5	NAVSHIPS	1	Aerospace Corp. (Mr. R. T. Scott)
	1 (SHIPS 031) 1 (SHIPS 03Z2) 1 (SHIPS 03421) 2 (SHIPS 2052)	1	Bell Aerospace Co. (Mr. Hite)
1	SESPO (PM 17)	1	Boeing Co. (Mr. Miller)
1	NAVAIR (Code 303B)	1	Booz-Allen Applied
1	NAVSEC (SEC 6101F)		Research, Inc. (Mr. Willard)
1	NELC (D. Forbes)	1	Developmental Sci-
1	U. S. Army, MERDC (M&BD) (John Sargent)		ences, Inc. (Dr. Seemann)
1	U. S. Army, Res. Office	1	Goodyear Aerospace Corp.
1	U. S. Air Force, FDL (FEM) (Dr. K. H. Digges)	1	(Mr. Cross) Hamilton Standard
1	U. S. Coast Guard Hdqtrs		(Mr. Deabler)
	( R&D)	1	Oceanics, Inc. (Mr. Kaplan)
1	DOT, High Speed Ground Transportation (Mr. A. F. Lampros)	1	Grumman Aerospace Corp. (Mr. Munz)

<sup>\*</sup>Addressee.

#### INITIAL DISTRIBUTION (Cont)

### Copies

- 1 Johns Hopkins Univ.
   Applied Physics Lab.
   (Mr. Paddison)
- USA, Cold Regions R&D Lab.
  (Dr. K. F. Sterrett)
- Arctic Inst. of North America
   (Mr. Robert Faylor)

#### CENTER DISTRIBUTION

#### Copies Code 1 (11) (W. Ellsworth) 20 (113) (J. U. Kordenbrock) 1 (115) (Dr. D. A. Jewell) (118) (M. W. Brown) 1 (1572) (Mrs. M. Ochi) 1 1 (161) (R. L. Schaeffer) (1735) (R. G. Allen) 3 1 (1748) (O. Hackett) (2721) (R. K. Muench) 1 20 (2721) (J. G. Purnell) (2803) (J. J. Kelly) 1 (5614)30 1 (5641)1 (5642)1 (5811)

(9401) (Capt Boyd)

Two digital computer programs have been formulated for predicting performance characteristics of centrifugal and axial fans which may be used to provide lift air for large surface effect vehicles. Pressure rise and flow characteristics of forwardly curved, radial, and backwardly curved centrifugal fans can be evaluated. Axial fans having either inlet flow preretators or exit flow straighteners can also be handled in the program. Sample results are presented to illustrate the method of calculation and the nature of the results.

(Author)

7	h	FORM	1473	(PAGE	1
_	v	1 NOV 65	14/3		

Unclassified Security Classification LINK A LINK B LINK C KEY WORDS ROLE ROLE ROLE Axial fans Centrifugal fans Fan characteristics Lift fans Fan performance

DD FORM 1473 (BACK)

(PAGE 2)

Unclassified
Security Classification